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The Bombay Chronicle

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British Guarantee For Netherlands?

Viceroy's 'Wait And See' Policy

STALEMATE SEQUEL TO ZETLAND'S STAND

No Confirmation Of Rumour Of Mahatma's Visit To Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, November 16.

REGARDING Congress Government's deadlock, no fresh move is likely to be taken for sometime. Stalemate will continue since the Viceroy expects the next move from the Congress and the Congress leaders, having laid their cards on the table expect the Viceroy to make the next move.

Hoping Against Hope

POLITICAL CIRCLES HOPE FOR A SETTLEMENT BUT DO NOT FIND ANY WAY OUT OF THE PRESENT IMPASSE SO LONG, AS THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT IS NOT PREPARED TO MAKE A DECLARATION IN TERMS OF THE CONGRESS DEMAND, LORD ZETLAND HAVING DEFINITELY SAID NO.

MR. G. D. BIRLA'S VISIT TO WARDHA AFTER INTERVIEWING THE VICEROY IS SAID TO HAVE NO SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE.

Political observers feel that the Viceroy and Gandhiji both are personally anxious for settlement but what form it can take with Whitehall and Wardha sticking to their stands none is able to suggest.

There is no confirmation of the report that Gandhiji will visit Delhi after the Allahabad decisions are made known.

Abdul Gaffar Khan Stresses Need Of Discipline And Unity In Organisation

PESHAWAR, Nov. 16.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan on the concluding day of his tour of Peshawar district made an impressive speech at a big meeting of Pathans at Charsadda on the Id day. Mr. Abdul Qayum Khan, M.L.A. (Central), presided. Among those who addressed the meeting were Dr. Khan Sahib, Mian Jaffar Shah, President of the Peshawar District Congress Committee, and Mian Qayum Shah, pleader.

ADVANTAGE OF NON-VIOLENCE.

After Mian Jaffar Shah and Mian Qayum Shah had explained to the audience the present political situation in India and the causes which had led the Congress Ministries to resign, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan spoke for about 45 minutes. He said: "Ours is a battle of non-violence which is very different from the battle of violence. Whereas the former generated love, affection and determination, the latter caused bitterness, hatred and contempt.

Explaining who was a true Khudai Khidmatgar, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan said that an honest Khudai Khidmatgar must discard greed, selfishness, Hypocrisy and lies. "Our organisation", he went on "is weak in many respects and in order to make our movement a success we must purge the organisation of all undesirable habits."

WHEN CALL WILL COME.

The past history of the Khudai Khidmatgar movement, added Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, was glorious, but he regretted that mutual differences and struggle for individual power had deprived the movement of its strength to a considerable extent.

He was not prepared to lead an organisation, which had no. Internal discipline and unity, and as soon as he was convinced that his followers were ready for all sacrifices, he would give the clarion call.

Br. Air Ace Dead

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Air Force test pilot H. W. E. Skinner who recently flew Miles Master training machine in power dive from Oxford to Farnborough at 500 miles an hour died suddenly in the bath at his home in Reading yesterday.—Reuter.

VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE

Possible Muslim Nominees

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

Reports current here suggest that Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan and Mr. S. A. Aziz of Bihar would probably be the representatives of the Muslim League on the Viceroy's Executive Council if it is enlarged. It is being stated here that Mr. Jinnah would nominate them on behalf of the Muslim League and that explains the sudden call for Mr. Azzi from Mr. Jinnah in Bombay.

The "United Press" reliably understands that His Excellency the Viceroy offered four seats on his Executive Council to the Congress Nominees and 2 to the Muslim League.—United Press.

AL CAPONE RELEASED

Former Chief Of Chicago's Underworld

WASHINGTON, November 16.

Al Capone, the notorious former "Czar" of Chicago's underworld has been released from prison to which he was sentenced in 1931.

It was recently reported that he had written to friends that he had decided to go straight and resume residence at his magnificent villa in Florida.—Reuter.

Zafrullah Addresses M. P.s.

LONDON, November 16.

Sir Mahomed Zafrullah Khan addressed a private meeting of members interested in Indian affairs in the House of Commons this evening and dealt with the present situation in India. Mr. Attlee was among those present.—Reuter.

BUDGET SESSION AND BOYCOTT

Speculation Regarding Congress Policy Towards Central Assembly

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

Nothing is yet known definitely in Delhi regarding the Congress attitude in the coming Budget Session of the Central Assembly. As the Railway Finance Committee is shortly due to meet, it appears some members have asked for instructions as to whether the August resolution banning attendance applies to the coming session also.

The original resolution was intended only for the Simla session of the Assembly for reasons mentioned in it viz. the despatch of troops abroad without the consent of the Legislature and the extension of the Assembly's term.

As a new situation, has arisen in the country resulting in the resignation of Congress Ministers and other fundamental issues, the question whether the Congress Party should attend the Budget Session is expected to be considered at the next meeting of the Congress Working Committee. According to reports current in the Congress circles, their is little likelihood of the Working Committee departing from the policy laid down at Wardha. It is said that if the political situation continues as it is today, reasons are even stronger than in August last for directing the Congress members not to attend any further session of the Assembly.

On the other hand, it is also urged that as several important questions including probably new taxation proposals will come up in the next session of the Assembly, the Congress should not abandon this platform for having its say and making its influence felt. Probability are that the Congress would make it a question of principle and take the same stand as it did in August last.

POLES STILL A MILITARY FORCE

Sikorski Hopes They Will Play Their Part Side By Side With Allies

LONDON, Nov. 16.

That Poles are still a vital military force was stressed by M. Sikorski addressing the Foreign Press Association in London today.

M. Sikorski is at present visiting Britain at an invitation by the British Government and was yesterday entertained at luncheon by the King at Buckingham Palace.

He recalled that the Polish naval forces were already co-operating with the British Fleet and in a few months her airforce and army, which were receiving greatest moral and material support from the Allied Governments, will be ready to play their part side by side with the Allied armies.—Reuter.

CZECH STUDENTS ARRESTED

LONDON, Nov. 16.

In Prague, 200 Czech students demonstrated near the front of the "Unknown Warrior" by singing Czech national songs.

Eighteen of the demonstrators were arrested.—Reuter.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK

CAPETOWN, Nov. 16.

It is officially announced that the British steamer "Scalashell" was sunk by a German raider inside Portugese territorial waters 180 miles North-east of Lourenco Marques. It is reported that the crew was allowed to land and the Captain taken prisoner.—Reuter.

Further Move For Peace

Netherlands And Belgium To Make Fresh Efforts

LONDON, Nov. 16.

It is announced that Netherlands and Belgium are to consult again on the possibility of further Peace move.—Reuter.

GERMAN 'PLANES OVER FRANCE

PARIS, Nov. 16.

German warplanes have been making regular tours of north and northeast France for the past 24 hours. Some have been using the North Sea route, while others have been flying over Belgium, following the Meuse Valley at daytime and the chain of lighted industrial towns at night.—Reuter.

WAITING GAME ON WESTERN FRONT

PARIS, Nov. 16.

Both sides appear to be playing a waiting game on the Western Front, but a certain amount of patrol activity is reported.

German patrols consisted of small units which did not show over much energy, according to M. Charles Morice in "Petit Parisien."

He continues that most of the wooded region on the Moselle-Rhine front between the District North-east Bitche and the River Lauter was the object of considerable German activity during the last two days. He says that numerous reconnoitring patrols were deploying in Lower Vosges in order to discover French points of resistance. The French were also engaged in discovering where enemy forces close to the French lines were situated.

The "Figaro" reports that German artillery has been firing on certain points in the Moselle region.—Reuter.

Nazi Ruthlessness To Neutral Shipping

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Ruthless German warfare against neutral merchant shipping is instanced by the warning less torpedoing of the Norwegian tanker "Arnekjode" by a U-Boat which made no attempt to save the crew, says an authoritative statement, despite bad weather and position far from land. The crew of "Arnekjode" took to boats when the ship was torpedoed on the evening of Nov. 12. More than two days later 23 men in one boat were picked up after suffering severely from exposure and 20 hours later 12 more were picked up. Five are still missing. All rescues were effected by British ships.

Evidence of the crew has showed that it was impossible that the U-Boat mistook the neutral tanker for anything else.—Reuter.

LABOUR PEER'S ASSURANCE TO GERMAN PEOPLE

LONDON, November 16.

In the Lords, Lord Stanhope read a statement similar to Sir John Simon's in the Commons, whereafter the Labour Peer, Lord Snell, declared that the most noise hitherto had come from Dr. Goebbels. It was a noise, which the world knew could be offensive without being enlightening or helpful. "If this attitude suits the German authorities it suits us. Meanwhile we are prepared to meet with fortitude whatever is coming to us and ready at any time to consider any peace proposals, which would enable the world to live in untroubled peace. We ought to be able to assure the German people that their territory will be respected, as soon as possible, the blockade will be removed and as soon as Germany has accepted the way of peace our full co-operation will be given in trying to rebuild her shattered life.—Reuter.

BREACHES ON S. I. R.

Main And Chord Lines Blocked: Transhipment Impossible

VILLUPURAM, Nov. 16.

The District Traffic Superintendent, South Indian Railway, wires to-day that the section of the main line between Tanjore and Trichinopoly has breached owing to torrential rain, and through running is interrupted. Transhipment at present is impossible.

The Indo-Ceylon Express that left Madras Egmore last night is waiting at Tiruverumbur for want of passage. The Superintendent says it is impossible to state at present when through running will be resumed.

The line between Pullambadi and Lalgudi on the Trichinopoly-Villupuram chord line has also breached, and transhipment is impossible.—United Press.

S. I. R. Line Breached

MADURA, Nov. 16.

The District Traffic Superintendent, South Indian Railway, wires to the 'United Press' that at about 0-55 hours to-day, the line between Pudukottah and Vellanur on the Trichinopoly Manamadura chord line has been breached. Through running is interrupted. Transhipment is impossible. Local services between Pudukottah and Manamadura are being maintained.—United Press.

Cyclone Havoc In South India

(From Our Correspondent.)
MADRAS, Nov. 16.

Struck by lightning seven were killed yesterday in Puttur, Chittoor District.

There has been cyclonic weather and incessant rain accompanied par lightning and thunder for the past three days in South India.

In Cuddalore alone, six and one-fourth inches of rain was recorded in a single day.

Two cowherds and five buffaloes were killed by lightning yesterday in Puttur.

STOP PRESS

EDEN CONFIDENT

LONDON, November 16.

"I can assure you that the visit was an inspiration to us all", said Mr. Eden speaking to members of Overseas League in London on his return from a visit to the Western Front with representatives of the Dominions and of the Government of India.—Reuter.

WHEN ITALY WILL INTERVENE

ROME, November 16.

Italy will remain in a state of armed peace until her legitimate interests are respected and can be satisfied states the newspaper "Tribuna" explaining Sgr. Mussolini's speech.

The "Gazetta del Popolo" in a leader gives an idea of the circumstances in which Italy will feel called upon to intervene. The writer says: "Italy can never permit Bolshevik Russia to advance further beyond the Carpathians into the Danube Valley or in the Balkans towards the Mediterranean".—Reuter.

ON WESTERN FRONT

PARIS, November 16.

A communique states there was local activity of patrols.—Reuter.

FINNISH LOAN OVERSUBSCRIBED

HELSINKI, November 16.

It is announced that a defence loan of 500 million Finnish marks has been oversubscribed by about hundred million marks. A second loan of a similar amount may now be floated.—Reuter.

Weeks Pass And Allies Go Strong

PREMIER'S WAR REVIEW IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Attlee Regrets Absence Of Formulation Of Peace Aims By Britain

"WHILE THERE HAS BEEN NO OUTSTANDING EVENT IN THE ACTIVE OPERATIONS DURING THE LAST FORTNIGHT, THE EFFICIENCY OF OUR FORCES AND THE DETERMINATION OF OUR PEOPLES ARE DEMONSTRATED WITH EVERY WEEK THAT PASSES."

THUS CONCLUDED THE PREMIER'S WEEKLY WAR REVIEW WHICH WAS READ BY SIR JOHN SIMON TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS IN THE ABSENCE OF MR. CHAMBERLAIN, OWING TO INDISPOSITION.

The Premier's statement referred to the Belgo-Dutch Peace move, German troop concentrations on the Netherlands' frontier and the subsequent Nazi assurance with reservations.

The visit of the Dominion Ministers and India Government Nominee and the value of personal contact and parleys with the Overseas visitors was emphasised in the statement.

Mr. Attlee who followed Simon regretted that the list of subjects discussed with the Overseas visitors did not include the formulation of peace aims.

Sir Archibald Sinclair welcomed the Hague peace effort and asserted that the British Government must be ready to give prompt support to Holland and Belgium if the duty of protecting their neutrality and liberty was imposed upon them by Herr Hitler.

PREMIER'S STATEMENT

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Sir John Simon who read the Prime Minister's weekly war review owing to Mr. Chamberlain's indisposition said that the Prime Minister's gout had much improved, and his general health continued excellent. "But as he is not coming to the House this week it falls to me to make the promised statement on the war situation."

BELGO-DUTCH PEACE MOVE

During the fortnight that has passed since the Prime Minister made his last statement to the House the most notable development in international affairs had been a communication addressed by Their Majesties the Queen of Holland and the King of the Belgians To His Majesty the King, the President of the French Republic and the German Chancellor.

In this communication, they offered their good offices in the hope of avoiding a further extension of the war.

"In a speech which I delivered on the Prime Minister's behalf at Mansion House on November 10, I said that His Majesty's Government were in consultation with the Dominions and with the Allies, with a view to tendering to His Majesty our advice on the nature of his reply to this bold intervention in the cause of peace. I was obliged to add, however, that past experience did not enable us to be very hopeful of a satisfactory response from the German Chancellor.

ALLIES' REPLY

Members of the House will now have seen the reply which the King sent to the Queen of Holland and to the King of the Belgians on the 12th November. In his reply, His Majesty expressed appreciation of the spirit of Their Majesty's initiative and the readiness of His Majesty's Governments in this country and in the Dominions to examine any reasonable and assured basis for an equitable peace. His Majesty further stated that His Governments were prepared to give their most earnest consideration to any proposal from Germany of such a character which would afford a real prospect of achieving the purposes for which they had been compelled to enter the war. These purposes had been made clear in numerous statements of policy which have been made publicly by the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary. A reply on similar lines which illustrated the unity of purpose between ourselves and the French Allies was sent the same day by the President of the French Republic.

The misleading references to the British Policy in the Chancellor's address at Munich on November 9th coupled with misrepresentation by German propaganda of British and French replies as a refusal of the Dutch and Belgian peace initiative did not indicate that the German reply was likely to open the door to a peaceful and satisfactory settlement.

NAZI ATTITUDE

The official German News Agency has now published a statement that Herr von Ribbentrop yesterday informed the Belgian Ambassador and the Netherlands Minister in Berlin in the name of the Fuehrer that, after the blunt rejection of the peace move by Britain and France, the German Government considered the matter closed. The Hon. Members will have noticed reports in the press to the effect that no formal reply to Their Majesties is to be made by the German Government.

GERMAN TROOPS CONCENTRATION

The past week also marked a recurrence of the rumours of German aggressive intentions against the Netherlands or Belgium. The presence of large concentrations of German troops on the Dutch and Belgian frontiers and the opening of a threatening campaign in the German press presented a pattern all too familiar to a world which had grown accustomed to seeing in such signs the immediate forerunners of a German invasion.

THREAT TO NETHERLANDS

There could, therefore, be no surprise at the general reluctance shown throughout the world to accept at their face value the pacifying statements of a purely general nature put out from Germany.

On the other hand, there could be no desire anywhere,—and least of all in this country—to exaggerate the significance of these reports. On November 13, the official German News Agency broadcast a statement that Germany intended to continue to respect the neutrality of the Netherlands and Belgium, as long as Britain and France did so and as long as Belgium and the Netherlands showed themselves capable of strictly preserving that neutrality.

The same day the Netherlands Prime Minister broadcast a statement to the effect that His Government had no immediate

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 3).

Our Tabulated Adlets

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CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

If any one knows the present whereabouts of Anandrao K. Patil, native of Alibag, lately working with a building Contractor, residing in Parvathi's Wadi, Matunga (B.B. & C.I.). Please inform Box No. 525, C/o "Bombay Chronicle".—A Friend.

Would like to receive friendly correspondence of general interest. Write to Box No. 12498, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Junior and Senior Clerks, Graduates, Lawyers, E. & M. Engineers, Sub-overseers, Doctors. Apply for Terms No 12497 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Electric Gas Welder, Experienced for outstation. Apply Daboo, Fourth Floor, Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Bombay. (12496)

Wanted A Branch Secretary for Karachi Office by a Bonus paying Life Office of 20 years' standing, on decent salary and allowances. Only first class men need apply stating age and past experience to Box No. 12493 "Bombay Chronicle."

174. BOOKS

Cotton—guaranteed figures Rs. 10 1923-29, figures book Rs. 2-0-0 Fulgalliwalla, Golpitha, Ahmed Bldg., Bombay. (12499)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Nationals (Woollen Mills) Limited, Ludhiana appointing Agents on Monthly Remuneration Rs. 100, Woollen & Silk Coatings, Shirtings, Sarees samples given free. No Investment. Apply. (12476)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Believe it or not. Rupees Five down can bring you, within one week, an All World Seven Valve A. C., Radio Receiver costing about Rs. 200/-. Guaranteed for one year. Apply sharp with Four Annas Stamps to cover postage—Hindostan Radio Distributing Co. Bombay 4. (12494)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Divali Prize Sale: 545 Prizes only for 4 days remain. Closing date 18-11-39. Result on 25-11-39. Visit Show Room Shop No. 97-98, Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2. (12486)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

TENDER NOTICE.

QUOTATIONS ARE INVITED from owners of Buses for hiring buses to the Trichinopoly Municipality for running the Trichinopoly-Srirangam Motor Transport Service and also the motor transportation service within Trichinopoly Municipal limits as a monopoly. The last date for receiving tenders is 16-12-1939. The conditions of hire and other particulars can be had on payment of Rs. 5 from the undersigned.

E. H. S. ABRAHAM,
Commissioner.

Municipal Office,
Trichinopoly,
11th November, 1939.

(1396)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ROYAL CONSULATE GENERAL FOR IRAQ.

1. Tenders are invited for the supply of paper and various stationery articles.

2. Forms of tender, specification and instruction to tenderers may be obtained from the Royal Consulate General for Iraq in Bombay.

Address:—
"PANORAMA",
203, Walkeshwar Road,
Malabar Hill.

3. The tenders should be lodged in the tender box kept in the office of the Royal Consulate General for Iraq before 10 a.m. on Saturday the 25th November, 1939.

CONSUL GENERAL FOR IRAQ

1386.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDUL GANI KARIM, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground together with the hereditaments, premises and buildings standing thereon, admeasuring about 630 sq. yds. or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 95 of the Shivaji Park's Scheme of the Mahim Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded on the North by Plot No. 94 of the said Scheme agreed to be leased to Mr. K. S. Talpade, on the East by Plot No. 97 of the said Scheme agreed to be leased to Mrs. Sushilabai Keshavrao Havaldar, on the South by 60 feet road and on the West by Plot No. 93 of the said Scheme agreed to be leased to Mr. Gopal Sadashiv Jewale and which forms portion of New Survey No. 1552 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 1805 of Mahim Division and is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 4672 (2), 4672 (3) and Street No. 1031 AB and is now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1939.

MANKODI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(1394)

Public Notices

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY

THE 48TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES will be held at the TOWN HALL, Bombay in January, 1940. For prospectus apply to the HON. SECRETARY, Bombay Art Society, Secretariat, Bombay No. 1.

(1391)

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

The Agents report that at the Meeting of the Board of Directors of the above Company held to-day the 16th November, 1939, a dividend of Re. 1 per share for the year ended 30th June, 1939, was recommended.

Yours faithfully,
NAROTTAM MORARJI & CO.,
Agents.

NOTICE TO BUILDING & SANITARY CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of Buildings & Sanitary works for THE TRUSTEES, BAI KABIBAI CHARITIES at Gilbert Hill, Andheri (for THE HANSRAJ MORARJI PUBLIC SCHOOL).

Copies of specifications and tender forms can be had from the Office of the undersigned during Office hours on payment of Rs. 10/- for Building work and Rs. 5/- for Plumbing work per copy.

SEALED TENDERS will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on 23-11-1939.

THE TRUSTEES do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Messrs. MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA,
F. A., A.R.I.B.A.
Chartered Architects,
34/38 Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

1386.

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Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 2 p.m.

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KAHAN HAI MANZIL TERI
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FUNNIEST COMEDY EVER PRODUCED!!
Shree RANJIT'S Rib-tickling Romance
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Starring: KUMAR, SITARA, CHARLIE, GHORY, ETC.
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REGAL AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY—LAST DAY!
FRONTIER MARSHAL
The fabulous exploits of fearless Wyatt Earp!
From TO-MORROW
Shirley TEMPLE in **SUSANNAH OF THE MOUNTIES**

POLISH RELIEF

Bombay Symphony Society's Concert

The Bombay Symphony Orchestral Society is giving a concert on Monday, November 20th at 6-30 p.m. in aid of Polish Relief Work.

The programme includes delightful musical pieces such as Peer Gynt Suite No. 1 by Grieg, Tone Poem "Finlandia" by Sibelius, Interlude "Esclarmonde" Massenet and many others.

Besides there is another attraction for all music lovers a couple of songs by the well-known soprano, Mrs. Sale, who has agreed to take part in the concert.

Lady Lumley is going to be present and the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Polish Relief Committee are full of hope that the house will be filled and that the Bombay public would once more generously respond to Committee's efforts.

In view of the growing distress among Polish population both abroad in the refugees camps and in Poland the Committee decided to continue their work throughout the war and to bring assistance wherever they can. At present only those who managed to escape abroad come within the scope of Committee's work although conditions in Poland are as gloomy as ever. Now news begin to arrive describing the most desparate state in which the heroic people of Poland have to exist. There is no coal, no bread, no garments and contrary to all the principles of moral code Germany refused even to give permission to the International Red Cross of Geneva to render medical aid to Polish population.

How many will survive, how many will come out sane after the terrible struggle only God knows.

ID IN YEOLA

Hindu-Muslim Gathering

(From Our Correspondent)
YEOLA, Nov. 14.

For the last three years Id is celebrated in Yeola by a large gathering of Hindu and Mahomedan gentlemen. This year too the President of the Taluq Congress Committee, Apte Guruji, invited citizens of Yeola in honour of the Id and many gentlemen of both the communities gathered together and made speeches wishing of Hindu-Muslim unity. Mr. Thatte, Pleader, made a very fine speech.

Mr. Munshi from Bombay and Mr. Patel of the Hindu University were present on this occasion and made speeches in Gujarati and Hindi. The head of the Urdu School thanked Guruji for taking initiative in bringing Hindus and Muslims together and he welcomed the speech of Mr. Thatte. Pleader, and added that they must forget each other's wrong when the third party intervened. After these speeches the guests of the evening were served with coffee and fruit, "Pan-supari" and "Attar-Gulab." The guests dispersed wishing Id Mubarak and Happy Diwali to each other.

Id At Barsi

(From Our Correspondent)
BARSI, Nov. 14.

Yesterday being the Id day, the Muslim community of Barsi had been to Idgah for offering prayers.

Liberals Have A Hit At Congress Ministries

The Council of the Western India National Liberal Association has issued a statement regarding the working of the Congress Ministries.

In the course of the statement they charge the Congress High Command with Fascist tendency in connection with the control of the Congress Ministries. They charge the Bombay (Congress) Cabinet with hasty legislation and the "wild craze" for reforming and overhauling and also for suppression of civil liberties, with the use of Section 144 Cr. P.C., Criminal Law Amendment Act and the Press Emergency Act.

The Prohibition policy and the consequent taxation, as well as the Labour measures including the interim raising of wages in Textile Industry coming in for their share.

All-India Railwaymen's Convention At Lahore

The following persons have been elected as delegates to the All-India Railwaymen's Convention at Lahore to be held by the end of this month:—(1) Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, (2) Mr. I. S. Patel, (3) Mr. N. A. V. Raman, (4) Mr. L. A. Miranda, (5) Mr. Amratlal Karsonji, (6) Mr. Dawood N. Dalvi, (7) Mr. Marcel Fernandez, (8) Mr. J. Moona and (9) Mr. Ramdhan Chorasia.

Constituent Assembly And Parsis' Fears

Prohibition Protest Committee Thinks, "Minorities' Voice Will Be Drowned In That Of Overwhelming Hindu Majority"

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

"In a letter addressed to the Viceroy published on November 6, the President of the Congress has given an assurance that 'the Congress contemplates no constitution which does not carry with it the protection of the real minorities to their satisfaction'. We have noted with relief that several Congress leaders desire to assure the minorities that no constitution will be framed without their consent and approval. Although the connotation of such 'real minority is not quite clear, we have no doubt that the Parsi community is a 'real minority' ".

Thus observes the Parsi Prohibition Protest Committee in the course of a statement.

CONGRESS DEMAND

The Committee adds: "In return for such co-operation as the Congress can give during the War, they demand from the British Government an unequivocal assurance that after the War, the British Government will accept a constitution for India as framed by a Constituent Assembly. No one seems to have clearly understood or explained in explicit terms, the exact constitution of the Constituent Assembly except that it will be elected on the broadest possible basis or even on adult franchise. In the first instance, the principle of a Constituent Assembly as understood at present does not apply to a country in the position of India. Assuming for the sake of argument that such an Assembly can, with the sanction of the British Government, be brought within the realm of practical politics, the Hindus must inevitably be in an overwhelming majority, and no real representatives of the minorities can hope to be elected. There cannot be the slightest doubt that in this Constituent Assembly, the Congress point of view on all questions vitally affecting the minorities would be supported by a vast majority, which would also be capable of drowning the voice not only of any particular minority but even of all the minorities put together. It appears absolutely impossible for any such Assembly, constituted even to the satisfaction of the minorities, to be able to frame a Constitution which will satisfy every minority in India.

"REASON FOR COMPLAINTS"

"Before any assurance given by the Congress can even be accepted tentatively, the position as it has prevailed for the last 27 months, during which Congress Governments have been in power in eight provinces, should be carefully examined. The Parsi community has had reasons for serious complaints in the province culminating with the introduction of Prohibition in the city of Bombay and suburbs.

"We are firmly of opinion that the future constitution of India should provide that no Government in this country, should have the power to impose upon a minority and social change, which it resents as a community and which it considers not only a hardship but oppressive and tending to deprive it of its civil liberties"—United Press.

PROHIBITION HAS SUCCEEDED

C. P. Police Official's Testimony

VELLORE, Nov. 14.

Mr. F. H. Taylor, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Central Provinces, who is here with a view to studying the working of Prohibition in the Madras Presidency, in the course of a press interview, said after his 15 days' stay in the Salem district, he believed that the reform had succeeded excellently there. A large measure of success of the reform, he said, was due to the fact that the ex-Premier, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, was a great enthusiast for prohibition.

Mr. Taylor was impressed by the co-operation between the police and the public in putting down prohibition offences in the Salem district. The Prohibition Act, he added, was being worked in the Central Provinces without any extra police staff. His feeling was that the Madras method of employing extra staff for prohibition work was worth adopting in the Central Provinces also.

Mr. Taylor father said that he was greatly impressed by the Prohibition Intelligence Bureau which is functioning in the prohibition districts of the Madras Presidency and he would like a similar institution being introduced in the Central Provinces also.—United Press.

SEVA DAL AT MAHAD

(From Our Correspondent)
MAHAD, Nov. 14.

Rashtriya Seva Dal has been started at Mahad on the Hindu New Year's day. Messrs. Joshi, Gordhanbhai Mapara and Chunilal Sheth spoke on the occasion.

Mr. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A., General Secretary of the Legislative Assembly Congress Party was here on a propaganda tour. He explained why the Congress Cabinet had resigned and pleaded for support to stand by Gandhiji's leadership.

Ex-President Of Bulsar Taluka Congress Dead

BULSAR, Nov. 15

Mr. Nathubhai Gulabbhai Desai, ex-president of Bulsar Taluka Congress Committee, President of the Municipality and a prominent Congress worker of very long standing died on the eve of New year day.

He had courted jail during the N.C.O. movement.

His wife Mrs. Gajraben is also a known Congress worker and accompanied her husband to jails on various occasions.

Municipal office remained close on the 14th as a mark of respect to the dead. The Nani-Metwad Yuvak Mandal cancelled this year's Diwali programme as a mark of respect to the dead.

RAYALASEEMA PEASANTS HARD HIT

Prof. Ranga's Whirlwind Tour

(From Our Correspondent)
BELLARY, (By Mail)

Prof. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central) of the All-India Kisan Sabha finished his 7 days tour of Rayalaseema addressing several meetings in about 50 centres.

When interviewed Prof. Ranga said:—"One-third part of Anantapur District is faced with the danger of failure of crops for this year. Everywhere the Ryots have complained against the Sales Tax, as it is being deducted by the merchants from the sale price due to them from their produce. The cotton growers are demanding that the British Government ought to purchase their surplus cotton in the same way as it does in regard to Egyptian cotton and also allow free exports to neutral countries. The handloom weavers of Tadpatri, Bellary Hindupur Adoni, Kosigi and Yemmiganur are hit very badly by war.

Dealing with the reactions of the people to the present National crisis, he said that the response of the masses to his appeal for support for the coming national struggle if and when it is decided upon was extremely encouraging.

"Use Of The Road During War"

"The use of the road at all times is a skilled business. But during war time, with low levels of illumination, deterioration in the standard of maintenance of roads and vehicles, the nervousness of the public, the added use of the road by attack and defence forces, together with various other factors, the use of the road by all requires much greater care."

With this sound statement, the pamphlet entitled "Suggested Civil Defence Code—The Use of the Road During War" written by Mr. A. S. Trollip and reprinted from the November issue of the 'Safety News,' proceeds to outline briefly the measure that should be adopted for making the highway safer.

Available at a popular price from the Safety First Association of India, Electric House, Bombay, this Code is a timely and instructive publication.

Shri Thakkar Bapa Purse Fund

Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel have issued appeals to present to Shri Thakkar Bapa a purse of Rs. 70,000 on his 71st Birthday which falls on 29th November, 1939. Pursuant to the said appeals the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh have undertaken to collect from Bombay and Bombay Suburbs a decent contribution towards the said purse fund and have appointed a sub-committee of Messrs. Jaisukhlal K. Mehta, Vaikunth L. Mehta, Jethalal Ramji, Bhavanji A. Khimji, Ratilal M. Gandhi, Laxmidas M. Shrikant, Manekbai N. Vakharia and Harkisondas L. Jhaveri for the purpose.

The Board hope that the philanthropic residents of Bombay will in recognition of the services of Thakkar Bapa contribute their might and send the amount to Bombay Harijan Sevak Sangh, Balashanker Estate, Vincent Road, Dadar, Bombay, and Shri Laxmidas M. Shrikant, Shri Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay No. 4.

Divali Festivities At Hill-station

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mahableshwar, Nov. 11

Since yesterday the Revenue Offices and the local schools have been closed down in connection with the Divali and Ramzan holidays. During the week-end there is steady influx of visitors and hotels show capacity bookings. The town atmosphere seems to be surcharged with the holiday spirit and festivities.

GRAIN BANK

The local Taluka Rural Development Authorities in conjunction with Registrar and Rural Development Officer contemplate shortly establishing a grain-bank at Mahableshwar.

Anti-Dowry Week

KARACHI (By Mail)

In the course of his appeal to Arya Youngmen, Prof. Sadhakar, President of the All-India Arya Youngmen's Association, asks them to celebrate an anti-dowry week all over India from 19th, 26th Nov. a detailed programme of which has already been circulated.

Pledge forms have been issued Youngmen and parents are requested to sign them.

First Aid Home Nursing Examinations

Examination of the First-Aid and Home Nursing Classes organised by Mr. Samuel Judah, under the auspices of the Jewish Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association, and conducted by Dr. Dara Rustomji Hakim, B.Sc., L.C.P.S., M.B.B.S., F.R.M.S. (Lon.), in the premises of Sir Jacob Sassoon High School, Byculla, was held by Major Jacob Ezekiel, on 5th November, 1939, when the following candidates were declared successful:—

FIRST-AID

Certificate: Messrs. Daniel Aaron Benjamin; Moses Menashe Abraham; David Moses Benjamin; Ismail Huseinbhai Padamsee; David Uziel Reubens; Saul Reubens Solomon; Aaron J. Jhirad; Sassoon Moses Benjamin; Badroodin Mohamed; Sadroodin Mahomed and Taldin Mahomed.

HOME NURSING

Certificates: Messrs. Jermiah Moses Jacob; Jonathan Joseph Jacobs; Aaron Abraham Benjamin; Hussenali Moontasir; A. R. Peters; Ezekiel Saul; Joseph Ezekiel; Sassoon Moses Benjamin; David A. Samuel; Isaac Saul Isaac and Saul Reubens Solomon.

3rd Pendant: Mr. Jalbhai S. R. Irani, B.A.St.C.

FREE BOOKS FOR LIBRARIES

The Manager, A. G. G. Mala writes:—In response to my announcement, on behalf of Shrimati Shyam Saroj Devi, proprietress, H. P. Press, 294 Govindwadi, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2, and Aitihasik Gaurav Granthmala, Govindwadi, Bombay 2, to give in charity one set of 10 books each to 50 deserving libraries worth Rs. 3,000, published sometime back in your paper, application from about 500 libraries have been received. Selected 50 libraries are being sent one set each and communication to that effect will be made to them.

She has now decided to distribute 450 sets of two books worth Rs. 675 amongst remaining 450 libraries.

HILARIOUS COMEDY
SABITA DEVI
IN
AS YOU PLEASE
ENTERING TRIUMPHANT THIRD WEEK TO-MORROW AT
IMPERIAL
Daily 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.
Mats. at 1-30 P.M on Sat. Sun. & Holidays.

CAPITOL AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY—LAST DAY!
Re-live these thundering THRILLS!
KING KONG
Fay Wray, Robt. Armstrong, Bruce Cabot
RKO-RADIO PICTURE

3RD WEEK!
PAUL MUNI BETTE DAVIS
JUAREZ
NEW EMPIRE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

On The Air

FRIDAY, NOV. 17.

Bombay—I Programme

344 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit! 8-10 A. Hakim. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Abdul Rehman and party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Laxmanrao Chavan. 9-15 Mirabai Vadker. 9-45 Surrendra. 9-55 The Air Sextet. 10 Close down.

10-30 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament. 1 p.m. Naats. 1-15 News in Hindustani. 1-20 Vilaitu Bismillah and party. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Ray Noble and his Orchestra. 2 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament. 5-30 Close down.

5-45 Juthika Roy. 5-50 News in Marathi. 5-55 News in Gujarati. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 K. Nagesh Rao. 6-25 Mammu Khan. 6-30 Premabai Kumthekar. 6-45 Jalatarang Solo. 6-50 K. Nagesh Rao. 7 Win or place. 7-15 Abdul Rehman and party. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Premabai Kumthekar. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 New books. 8-45 Laxmanrao Chavan. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Qawwali Chorus. 9-55 Mirabai Vadker. 10-30 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 10-50 Late news. Close down.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 to 10 and 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5-45 to 6-10 As in Bombay 1. 6-10 Children's Hour. 7 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-35 Mantzari Mavricakis. 9-45 Beniamino Gigli. 9-50 The Orchestra of H. E. the Governor of Bombay. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 a.m. Recitation. 8-15 Naat-I-Rusool. 8-20 Salam. 8-30 Afzal Husain. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Naghma-I-Allah Hu. 9-5 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Kallan Qawwal and party. 9-30 Mohammad Shafi. 9-45 Anwarbai. 10 Ustad Faiyaz Khan. 10-30 Close down.

11-30 Maarfat. 12-57 p.m. News in Hindustani. 1 Rhythm on records. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Swing Time. 2 School broadcast. 2-40 Close down.

4-30 Bombay Pentangular Cricket Tournament. 5-30 Kallan Qawwal and party. 5-40 A light Orchestral Concert. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Local news and announcements. 6-15 Lahu ki Bhik. 6-30 Ghazalen. 6-45 Kumari Pushpa Sachdev. 7 For villagers only. 7-45 Nasten. 8 The Home Beautiful. 8-15 Anwarbai. 8-30 Ustad Faiyaz Khan. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 10 Qawwali Aur Naat. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8 to 10-30 and 11-30 a.m. to 2-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

60.46 metres (4,960 kc/s)

4-30 to 5-30 As in Delhi 1 5-30 Marwa and Puria. 6-40 Ustad Faiyaz Khan. 7 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 7-5 Kumari Pushpa Sachdev. 7-15 Kallan Qawwal and party. 7-35 A Clarionet recital 7-45 Mohammad Shafi. 8 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10 The Grand Symphony Orchestra. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

8 to 9-10 a.m. See page No. 1543. 9-10 to 10-30 and 11-30 a.m. to 2-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5 to 6-10 See Page No. 1543. 6-10 to 7 As in Deihl 1. 7 to 10 See page No. 1543. 10 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. For the countryside. 7 Hirabai. 7-15 Children's programme. 7-45 Baby Noor Jahan. 7-55 A Vichitra Veena recital. 8-5 Ali Bakhsh. 8-15 Indian music. 8-30 Hirabai. 8-50 Jhoola Jhoolat Nand Lal. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-50 Apni Apni Pasand. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental Overture. 5-5 Learn to Sing. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-20 Tiruvavaduturai T. N. R. Nataraja Sundaram. 6-5 For the Villages. 6-45 Shrimati B. S. Lalitabai. 7-15 My Choice. 7-50 Tiruvavaduturai T. N. R. Nataraja Sundaram 8-30 Shrimati B. S. Lalitabai. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 V. Sundaresan.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Children. 5-45 For the Children (Contd.). 6-10 A programme for Children. 6-45 A I R Players present Megh-Mukti. 9 Reginald Foort. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Variety Night.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

8-30 a.m. to 9-30 and 10-30 to 11-30 and 12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Nishit Bhattacharya. 9-45 Satya Chowdhuri. 10-5 Radharani.

Lucknow

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Tarabai of Benares. 6-25 Mujaddid Niazi. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 Kumari Malti Sahni. 7-15 Ek Tha Raja. 8 They Sound So Loving. 4. 8-15 Provincial Songs. 5. 8-35 Tarabai of Benares. 8-45 Mujaddid Niazi. 8-55 Kumari Malti Sahni. 9-45 Music. 9-50 Kumari Malti Sahni. 10-1 Kit Gae Ho Khewan Har 10-11 Tarabai of Benares. 10-17 Mujaddid Niazi. 10-23 Tarabai of Benares.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-3 Things of interest 4-6 Manners Maketh Man. 4-16 Song story in Telugu. 4-20 Light songs in Telugu. 4-30 A variety. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-20 Plate Venkatarama Iyer. 6-5 Plate Venkatarama Iyer. 6-45 Shrimati C. S. Rajam and G. S. Vijaya Rao. 7 Spectres of the Street. 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Shrimati Lalita Venkataram. 8 The Indian Heptarchy 4. 9-45 S. Harihara Iyer.

Madras—II Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s)

8-30 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 p.m. to 6-5 As in Madras 1. 6-5 For Rural Areas Only. 6-15 Vamana Vakyalu. 6-25 Popular Tunes. 6-30 Marketing of Paddy and Rice. 6-40 Ballads. 6-45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 European music. 9-48 Fourteen Minutes of Fun. 10-2 Ballet music. 10-5 Bandsman Forbes.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

8-30 p.m. Farooq Ahmed, Qawwali. 8 to 8-30 For Children (U.). 6-30 Raghunath Rao, light music. 6-45 Roshan Ali, cl. and light music. 7-10 "Hawai Batain." 7-25 Farooq Ahmed, Qawwali. 7-50 Raghunath Rao, light music. 8-45 Roshan Ali, light music. 9-10 Raghunath Rao, light music. 9-30 Farooq Ahmed.

New York Cotton Prices Approach Repossession Level

GENERAL SELLING AFTER EARLY FIRMNESS

Hesitant Feeling With Poor Support

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market closed easy after early firmness. There was general realising on the belief that prices are approaching repossession level.

The New York cotton market was hesitant after advancing to new high levels for the movement with the market believed to be approaching the repossession level of the 1938/39 loan cotton, U. S. A. Mills' consumption for October is 887,000 bales which compares with 625,000 bales in the previous month and 543,000 bales in October 1938.

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened steady but was irregular Further Liverpool Bombay and trade covering met increased outside liquidation, hedging and local selling. Finally general liquidation and hedging appeared with the session finishing easy.

Although prices reached new high levels, there was absence of continued support and consumption figure being fully realised, there was less disposition to buy. It is true that the statistical position is strong, but there seems something wrong in the American economical situation which restricts speculative activity. American industrial activity continues on a very high rate, but Budget deficit is feared to impose new taxes next year. In the meantime European news failed to attract new business and all markets were hesitant.

At the opening December was quoted one point down at 9.59 and advanced to 9.63, which was the highest level reached during the first hour. Later on there was a marked absence of any important support and with general selling prices declined to 9.30 which was the lowest level reached during the last hour. The market closed at a net decline of 5 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 pts. at 9.71c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with increased offerings and closed at a decline of 8 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 7 pts. at 9.63c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 pts. with Jany. 6.60. There was scattered buying on firmness of overseas advices and reactionary sterling. There was trade calling which was offset by hedging and profit-taking. Later there was trade calling and offerings were light. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 6 pts. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 7.07d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian Cotton market was steady. Uppers futures closed at a rise of 8 to 12 pts. Giza futures advanced 2 to 9 points with spot cotton 8 points up at 7.95d. The Alexandria cotton market was firm with active speculative buying. Sakels futures gained 41 to 64 pts. and Ashmouni contracts advanced 31 to 40 pts.

PRIVATE CABLES

Bombay: November 16.

New York December highest 9.63+03 (10-15 a.m.) Lowest 9.50—10 (2-59 p.m.)

Liverpool January highest 6.55+10; lowest 6.55

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Distant months steadier on speculative buying. Nears quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

New York: November 15.

December	9.69—11
January	9.62—05
March	9.50—10
May	9.32—09
July	9.04—10
October	8.26—17

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: November 15.

December	9.50—10
January	9.44—05
March	9.30—31
May	9.12—09
July	8.85—09
October	8.26—17
Middling spot	9.71—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: November 15.

December	9.62—08
January	9.53—08
March	9.43—08
Middling spot	9.63—07

(11 a.m. rates and Noon Calls)

December	9.62	9.60
March	9.43	9.42
May	9.25	9.23

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: November 15.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 16,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent 8,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan 8,000 bls.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: November 15.

November	6.57+02
December	6.57+02
January	6.57+02
February	6.57+02
March	6.54+03
April	6.51+03
May	6.49+04
June	6.46+04
July	6.44+05
August	6.40+05
September	6.35+05
October	6.30+05
November	6.27+06
Middling spot	7.07+07

11-12 a.m. Quotations.

January	6.62
March	6.57

INDIA THE PATH TO VICTORY

(Continued from Edit Page).

try are certainly hostile to Congress.

On the other hand, many of the younger Moslem generation are within the Congress Party. One out of three of the leaders chosen to guide it in this emergency is Moslem. The solidly Moslem North-West Province has a Congress Ministry. But as Mr. Gandhi has said with pardonable bitterness, the Viceroy has fallen back on the old policy of dividing to rule.

No one who knows India will deny that a wide gulf divides Hindu from Moslem culture. But what has theology to do with tariffs and income tax, with labour legislation and agrarian reform, and how does it affect the question whether Indians shall be sent at our bidding to man the trenches in Egypt and the forts in Singapore? We are using, as we have always done, this ancient feud for our own imperial ends.

The reply was not wholly negative. It repeated the vague promise of Dominion Status in the undated future. It admitted that the India Act may have to be revised after the war, and it promised consultation with all the Indian parties, creeds and interests, and all the autocratic princes, most of them our puppets—in short, another Round Table Conference.

It is not, I think, to this postponement that Indians object, but to the method of revision. A Conference in which we hand-pick India's spokesmen, and isolate and exaggerate every minute interest that has an axe to grind, will be as futile as the last.

On that occasion Indians talked; Whitehall drafted; Westminster legislated. That is not self-determination, but its opposite. It resulted in a Constitution which no single Indian party could approve. And this we offer to do again.

The proper method is that Indians, after careful study and consultation, should decide their own future through an elected constituent Assembly. It would have to negotiate, of course, with the British Government to settle the many difficult problems of the transition period more especially that of defence.

★

And what is offered meanwhile to give Indians their part in the government of their country, which we have plunged, without their consent, into war? The Viceroy offers to form a "consultative group" of Indians, with whom, behind closed doors, he will be pleased to talk about the war.

Indian parties are asked to send him panels, from which he will choose persons suitable for this honour. As a substitute for responsible self-government this is a mockery.

A solution would have been easy, and it need have required no more than the briefest Bill of one or two clauses. The obvious thing to do is to offer to the real leaders of Indian opinion, including Muslims who will co-operate with Hindus, posts on the Viceroy's Council.

Let it be understood that, in fact, if not yet in law, it is a Cabinet, whose advice the Viceroy will follow.

It would be desirable also to dissolve the present Legislative Assembly, elected on a fantastically plutocratic franchise, and to elect another on a better franchise. The present provincial franchise, though far from satisfactory, is good enough for this emergency purpose.

I am convinced that if we had had the imagination and the prudence to do this, or anything like this, we should have won the lasting and enthusiastic friendship of the whole Indian nation. Our deed would have echoed round the world. It would have won for us the trust of Americans who watch India as the test of our honesty. If, as the war goes on, we should be in dire need of their active help, our reconciliation of India would have been for them the decisive fact.

In Germany, also, the masses uncertain of our real intentions would have taekn our treatment of India as the proof that we have discarded the Imperialism of Versailles. In India, we might have won the war. This chance our governing class has thrown away.

One last hope remains. The Labour Party ought to make of this a major issue. It is the test of our sincerity as a nation. On this it should be prepared to break the party truce and to wage the sternest fight of which it is capable for democracy and victory.

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RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	H. M.	H. M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 40	30 10
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express.) ..	5 15	22 30
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	9 10	17 40
Madras Express	10 15	14 25
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 36	17 20
Nagpur Express	15 0	20 55
Poona Fast Pass	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21 0	6 15
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) ..		17 15
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 35	

(N.B.—Deccan Queen as regular week-end service is discontinued upto 30-4-1940, but it will be run only before and after important holidays.)

6 40

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	7 25	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	5-45	21 30
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon).	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat ..	9 40	15 ..
The Flying Ranee Surat ..	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawr Express	18 45	8 45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday. this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only for London)	6-40

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: November 16.

Following a decline of 10 pts. in New York cotton futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 224 for Broach April/May delivery, but the market opened quiet at Rs. 223/12. There was some activity and with renewed buying prices advanced to Rs. 225 but later on there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 223. Messrs. M. and B. Stern in their report state that the settlement of the Jute Mill strike and resumption of work at full capacity will have a restraining influence on the prices of manufactured goods unless fresh Government orders are forthcoming.

Sterling seems somewhat steadier following the visit of the French Finance Minister to London and the closer Anglo-French co-operation in financial and economic spheres.

The local market is carrying a large speculative long interest and this on the eve of the Indian crop movement. We are not in favour of following advances and would only confine purchases to good setbacks.

Regarding America, despite the amendment of the Neutrality Act enabling higher industrial activity the action of the markets especially Wall-Street is disappointing. Some observers attribute this to the fear of increased taxation in the Budget early next year in order to meet the unprecedented heavy deficits in the fiscal year.

Thus it will be seen that present prices are unduly high and the market being overbought is likely to react before resumption of upward move. Liverpool market opened at a decline of 4 points. Weather being cloudy there was some covering and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 224/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.as.ps.
F G M G Broach:—	
April/May	224 8 0
Fine M G Oomra:—	
Dec/January	209 4 0
March	209 0 0
F G M G Bengal:—	
Dec/January	168 8 0
March	170 4 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: November 15.

Broach April/May highest 228 1/4; lowest 221; closing 225 1/4.

Oomra Dec/Jan. highest 213; lowest 209 1/2, closing 211 1/4.

Oomra March highest 212 1/2; lowest 209-1/2; closing 210 3/4.

Bengal Dec/Jan. highest 170 3/4; lowest 166 1/2; closing 169 3/4.

Bengal March highest 172 3/4; lowest 168-1/2; closing 171 1/2.

Night Session: Broach April/May opened Rs 227, highest Rs. 228 1/2; lowest Rs. 225-3/4; closed Rs. 225 3/4.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria: November 15.

Sakel Nov. 14.41+47.
Sakel Jan. 14.50+45.
Giza Nov. 13.27+50.
Giza Jan. 13.68+44.
Ashmouni Dec. 12.29+39.
Ashmouni Feb. 12.51+39.

COTTON PARITY

Approximate diff. Broach April/May Liv. May 132 pts.

Approximate diff. Broach April/May New York May 51 pts.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: November 15.

Upp. spot 7.56+11; Nov. 7.25+8; Jan. 7.32 +8; March 7.37+10; May 7.41+10; July 7.44 +11; October 7.40+12.

Giza No. 2 spot 7.95+8; Nov. 7.60+2; Jan. 7.73+5; March 7.85+6; May 7.96+8; July 8.06+9; October 8.07+9.

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay: November 16.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy	96 0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy ..	95 0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C. I. F. per cwt.	98 8 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt ..	12 12 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt. ..	17 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt.	18 0 0
	21 8 0

LONDON EXCHANGE

London: November 15.

Rupee paper 3-1/2 per cent £62 1/2; Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 £69 1/2; Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £81 1/2; Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 £102 3/4; Consols 2 1/2 per cent £65; Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £92 1/2; War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £92 1/8; Funding loan 4 per cent 1960-90 £105 1/2; Victory bonds £105 1/2; Chartered Bank of I. A. and China £7 3/4; Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Register £24; National Bank of India £28 1/2.

LONDON SEEDS

London: November 15.

Rozario Santa Fe 20/6 Dec. Quoted.
Barletta Russo .....
South Australian 19/9 Dec Quoted.
Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 11-3/16 sellers.

Stock Exchange Reacts On Scattered Realising

MARKET CORRECTING OVERBOUGHT SITUATION

Bulls Still Confident To See Higher Prices

Bombay: November 16.

After a steady continuous rise throughout the past fortnight, the local Share Bazar reacted slightly on scattered realising and absence of professional support. The market was entitled to a natural downward reaction and while it is likely to continue for some time it will be too risky to sell short. The market being overbought is now correcting the technical situation and we still believe professional operators will use all their might to carry prices to dizzy heights before fears of increased taxation influence the general sentiment.

Dearth of decisive European news continues to act as a brake on activity of Wall-Street and with previous day's rally not particularly convincing, traders were still timid and while undertone remained firm, trading was narrow and sluggish with the market unable to attract a following and early buyers turned sellers, but the close was steady with the list showing mostly fractional changes either way. U. S. Steel shares declined 3/4 at 69 3/4. Anaconda Coppers improved 1/4 at 32 1/4 and General Motors lost dollars 2 at 54 1/8.

There is something wrong in the American situation and important developments are expected. It is also feared that there will be heavy increase in taxes owing to huge deficit in the American Budget.

The local market does not take any notice of what is happening in other countries and is being manipulated by professional operators in view of prospective satisfactory outlook of our industries.

On the whole the market was steady at the decline. There was only scattered liquidation which resulted in a small decline. The market feeling is bullish and bulls look for substantial improvement in the long run.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened to-day at Rs. 1912 and advanced to Rs. 1922 which was the highest level. Later prices declined to Rs. 1885 on scattered realising. There was not much selling but absence of support was responsible for the small recession. Towards the close there was little short covering and prices recovered partially to Rs. 1897. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 382 and after advancing to Rs. 385 declined to Rs. 378 and closed at Rs. 381.

Cotton mill shares also in the absence of support reacted. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 990 and after declining to Rs. 973 rose to the opening level with renewed professional support. Associated Cements closed at Rs. 136/4 and Burmas at Rs. 557.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Nov. 16.

100	Ahd. Advance	281 8
250	BOM. DYEING	990 0
100	CENTURY	319 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	309 8
100	COLABA	174 0
100	Coorla	100 0
250	Dawn	310 0
250	Dawn	310 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 8 6
100	Finlay	132 8
100	GOKAK	195 3
1000	Hindustan	1,795 0
100	Indore	42 8
100	Khatau	116 4
100	KOHINOOR	354 0
250	Laxmi	488 12
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	146 0
250	Model	56 0
50	MYSORE	90 0
200	NEW GREAT	331 0
100	Oosmanshahi	43 12
100	PHOENIX	269 4
25	Sassoon Silk	80 4
1000	Sholapur	3035 0
50	SIMPLEX	106 8
100	SWADESHI	294 8
100	SWAN	123 0
500	Vishnu	1,147 8
1000	Western	855 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	98 0
25-50	Central	31 8
500	Imperial	1,412 8
125-500	Imp. Conty.	347 8
50-100	India	134 8
100	Reserve Bank	102 8
5	Union	5 8

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	136 4

INSURANCE

100	Empire	585 0
15-100	Jupiter	9 8
20	Mercantile	49 8
15-75	New India	34 10
200	Orental	3875 0
10-50	Vulcan	6 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	140 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,445 0
10	Ajmer	10 8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	126 0
100	Bombay Suburban	165 0
10	Broach	10 14
100	Karachi	191 4
100	Poona	183 8
100	Surat	152 8
100	TATA HYDRO	152 0
1000	TATA POWERS	1260 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	975 0
100	C. Province	97 4
100	Dh. Baramati	93 0
100	Gujarat	97 8
100	Mandra Bhon	92 4
100	Pachora Jamner	73 0
100	Sara Serajganj	94 0
500	Tapti Valley	752 8

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	6 14
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 9
10	Indian Iron and Steel	XD 38 0
10	SHIVRAJPUR	50 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFD.	1897 8
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	381 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	555 0
10	Air Services	6 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	232 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	591 4
250	BOMBAY STEA	285M0
125	B. BURMA	557 8
50	B. BURMA CONTY.	179 6
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5 6 6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	81 8
100	IND. BLEACHING	115 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	43 4
100	Ind. Rado Def.	400 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	405 0
100	Port Canning	72 12
30	PREMIER CON.	75 0
15	Scindia	23 14
25	Tata Oil Mill	47 8
100	Western I. Match	120 8

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1295 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	292 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	72 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	106 4
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	98 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	139 1
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1386 4
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	185 10
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	134 12
7	p.c. Vishnu	675 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	100 0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	48 12
7	p.c. Sholapur	75 0
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103 2

(Capital letters indicate shares on Forward list).

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: November 16.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 87/2; 4 per cent 1960-70 99/11; 5 per cent 1948/55 109/8.

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 98; Bank of Hindusthan 25; Bank of India 134/8; Central Bank 31/8; Imperial Bank F P 1412/8; Imperial Bank P P 347/8; Indian Overseas Bank 47; Reserve Bank 102/8; Union Bank 5/8.

TEXTILES

Ahmd. New Textiles 410; Ambica 261/4; Arun 225; Arvind 1200; Asok 195; Bharatkhand Textiles 1900; Bombay Dyeing 988/12; Buckingham and Carnatics 196; Calico 732/8; Central India 309/6; Century 318/12; Colaba 173/12; Elgin 139/6; Gokak 195; Hukumchand 165/10; Indore Malwa 40; Jubilee 260; Khatau Makanji 115; Kohinoor 353/12; Laxmi Cotton 465; Madhusudan 200; Marsden 105/10; Morarji 140; Mysore 102/8; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 330/10; Raipur 700; Rajnagar 160; Sajjan 97/8; Sassoon and Alliance 80/4; Sholapur 3035; Simplex 106/4; Swadeshi 294/6; Vishnu 1147/8.

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord. 1447/8; Tata Hydro Ord. 151/14; Tata Power Ord. 1257/8.

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 140; Ajmer Electrics 10/8; Amalgamated 10/10; Bombay Suburban 165; Bombay Tram. 125/10; Lahore Electrics 225; Surat Electrics 152/8.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 552/8; Associated Cements 136; Belapur 231/14; Bombay Burma New 179/6; Bombay Burma Old 556/4; Bombay Steam 284/6; Bombay Telephone 81/4; Br. B. Petrol 5/6; Burma Corporation 6/13; Dalmia Cement 10; Indian Bleaching 114/14; Industrial Invesjment Tr. 43/4; Indian Radio Ord. 405; Indian Radio Defd. 400; Indian Copper 2-8. Indian Iron x-d 38, Mysore Sugar 37, Port Canning 73/12; Premier Construction 74/12; Rohtas Industries 21; Scindia Steam 23/15; Shivrajpur 49/12; Steel Corp. of Bengal 19/2; Tata Oil 47/4; Tata Steel Ordy. 389/8; Tata Steel Defd. 1895.

JUTES

Birla Jute 25; Howrah 65/8; Hukumchand 8/10; Kamarhatty 595; Kankanarrah 495; Lawrence 478; Reliance 71.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: November 16.

Yesterday London Gold prices remained unchanged at £8/8/0. London Paris Exchange rate was also unchanged at 176 to 177. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 402 to 404 at London and 3.94 1/4 at New York.

London Silver prices advanced 1/16d. at 23 3/8d. and forward quotation was raised 1/8d. at 23 7/16d. There was little Indian buying and the market was steady. Later on there were small buyers at fixed rates, but sellers were reserved and the tone of the market was steady. New York Silver was uninteresting and spot price remained unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London was 4 3/4d. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 61/12/6 and forward was Rs. 61/14/9. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 26/11/3. At present there is nothing in the general situation to result into marked change in price levels except speculative activity with normal fluctuations. But the future course entirely depends upon Dollar-Sterling exchange rate which remains uncontrolled in the United States of America. The local market was quiet with scattered selling and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Quotations were as under:—

	GOLD Rs.as.ps.	SILVER Rs.as.ps.
Ready	41 13 9	61 3 0
Kartak Dely.	41 14 0	61 5 0
Kartak Tejimandi	0 7 0	1 10 0
Magsar Dely.	41 13 6	61 9 0
Magsar Tejimandi	0 14 0	3 4 0

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: November 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the New York Stock Exchange:—

(In Dollars).

Amr. Pow. and Lt. 5 per cent Pfd. 44; Elec. Pow. and Lt. 7 per cent Pfd. 31; Columbia Gas and Elec. 7; Elec. Bond and Share Common 8 5/8; Elec. Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd 59; Int. Tel. and Tel. (Foreign) 5; Amr. Tel. and Tel 168 3/8; Western Union Telg. 27 7/8; Sun Life of Canada 296; Union Pacific 100; Great Northern Pfd. 28; New York Central R. R. 19 3/4; Amrex Corp. 17 1/4; Union Carbon and Carbide 86 3/8; Chase National Bank 36 1/4; United States Steel 69; 3/4; Bethlehem Steel 82 1/2; Alleghany Ludlum Steel 23; Republic Steel 24; Crucible Steel 43; U. S. Smelting 62; Int. Nickle of Canada 39 5/8; Anaconda Copper Mining 32-1/4; General Motors X-D 54 1/8; General Electric 28 3/8; Scony 12 7/8; Woolworth 40; Texas Corporation 46; Consolidated Oil 7 3/4; National City Bank of New York 28.

Turnover 630,000 shares.

Tone:—Narrow market.

LONDON SILVER

London: November 15.

Spot 23 3/8.
Forward 23-7/8.

LONDON GOLD

London: November 15.

Gold bars fine per oz. £8-8-0.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay: November 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 88/8
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash) 87/4
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 89/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/10
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 83
3 1/2 1947/50 Loan 97/10
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 102/10
4 per cent 1960/70 99/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 104/4
5 per cent 1940-43 Loan 102

TAXFREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 109/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore Loan 103/1
5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan 114

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 95-8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 95
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105
6 per cent M Deb 1954 115/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 115/8
Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKETS

Bombay: November 16.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 15/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Two months.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 To end Feby.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON FOURTEEN POINTS UP

Stock Exchange Quietly Steady

INDIAN STERLING LOAN UNCHANGED

ENQUIRY IN LOCAL WHEAT AND LINSEED

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1939

	New York, Nov 16
Previous closing	9.86
To-day's opening	9.54
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	9.64
Difference	+14

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1940.

	Liverpool, Nov 16
Previous closing	6.57
To-day's opening	6.53
Difference	—04
To-day's closing	6.56
Difference	—01

Broach April/May Expectation .... Rs. 226

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 16

The New York cotton displayed improved sentiment following freight difficulties but in the absence of any definite European war news the market continued devoid of much speculative activity.

The trading in December began at 9.54 i.e. four points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on scattered trade and foreign buying but soon after the demand subsided owing to lack of follow-up on buying side with prices moving narrowly.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 16

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December 9.60/9.68) 9.54/9.53
March (9.40/9.49) 9.34/9.33
May (9.26/9.20) 9.14/9.15

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Nov 16

The trading in Broach A/M began at Rs. 225-12. After easing off to Rs. 223, the market finally closed at Rs. 223-12.

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Nov 16

American January (6.62) 6.55
American March (6.58) 6.51
Giza January (7.78) 7.73
Giza March (7.89) 7.85

LONDON COMMODITIES

METALS

London, Nov 16

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted.
Glasgow Iron (111 sh.) 111 sh.

JUTES

Dundee December £45
Lightning December £43

SEEDS

Castorseeds November December (unquoted) unquoted
Linseeds Calcutta November December (£15 3/8 sellers) unquoted
Groundnuts December (£14 1/4 sellers) unquoted

RUBBER

Spot (11 1/8 paid and value) 11 paid and buyers
Forward January March (11 1/8 paid and buyers) 11 paid and buyers

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 16

Previous closing	3.94 1/4
To-day's opening	3.93 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 16

Previous closing	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.04

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Nov 16

Previous closing	176 to 177
To-day's opening	176 to 177
To-day's closing	176 to 177

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 16

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 177.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1.6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13.33 3/4) 13.33 3/4
New York on Bombay (30.25) 30.36
London on Milan (77.50) 77.50
London on Shanghai (0-5 buyers 0-5 7/16 sellers) 0-5 buyers 0-5 5/8 sellers
London on Kobe (1-2 1/4 buyers 1-2 11/32 sellers) 1-2 1/4 buyers 1-2 11/32 sellers

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 5/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent.

BULLION

Indus (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver 23 5/16d.
Gold (£8 8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Nov 16

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day. Business small. Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 16

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 5/16d—1/16
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 3/8d—1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 16

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Nov 16

SILVER

Silver ready	61 2 0
Silver Kartak	61 4 0
Silver Magsar	61 9 0

GOLD

Gold ready	41 14 0
Gold Kartak	41 14 3
Gold Magsar	41 14 6
Sovereign	26 11 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

Wheat January	4 1 3
Wheat May	4 6 6
Linseed May	7 7 6

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 16

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 55) dol 54
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 32 3/4) dol 31 3/4
U S Stock Common New Stock (dol 71) dol 69 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 117) unquoted

3½% STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 16

3 1/2 per cent. Sterling Loan closed today at £81 1/2

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Bombay, Nov 16

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan was quoted at Rs. 87-2 at 5 p.m. for ready delivery.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 16

3 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81 1/2) £81 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£102 3/4) £102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£99 Ex Div) £99
5 per cent Indian Stock 1942-47 (£102 Ex Div) £102
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954-59 (£93 Ex Div) £93

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£104 1/4) £104 1/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£68) £68 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 1/2) £93
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3/8) £102 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£105 1/2) £105 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£92 1/8) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 1/2 Ex Div) £105 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (10-9) 10-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51-9) 51-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3) dol 3
Elec Music Industry (7-4 1/2) 7-3
Princhin Johnson (20-6) 20-9
Imperial Chemical (30-6) 30-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (53-6) 53-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£32 1/2) £23 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-3) 27-3
Unilever Ordinary (30-9) 30-9
Ford Motors (14-6) 14-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£49) £49 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (95-0) 95-0
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (118 9) 118-9
P and O Def (22-7 1/2) 22-10 1/2
Distillers (67-6) 67-6
Bredfords Dye (4-3) 4-6
British Celanese (6-7 1/2) 6-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-9) 28-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-3) 30-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-3) 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-3) 17-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 49) dol 48 3/8
Indian Iron (56-3) 56-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-6) 17-6
Donaro Tea (32-6) 32-6
Empire of India (23-0) 23-9

JUTES

Barnagore (£12) £11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-4 1/2) 27-3
Gula Kelampong (19-0) 19-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-9) 31-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (32-5) 32-6
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-9
Rio Tintos (£13) £13 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (46-3) 46-3
Rand Mines (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 7/8) £13 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (67-6) 67-6
Trinidad Leasehold (82-6) 82-6
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£6 5/8) £6 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-0) 25-0
Anglo Persian (61-3) 60-7 1/2
Burma Oil (63-9) 63-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (7-3) 7-4 1/2
Shell Transport (83-9) 83-9
Royal Dutch (£34) £34

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 3/4) £27 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£10) £10 1/8
London North Eastern Def (£3 1/4) £3 1/4
London Southern Def. (£9 1/4) £9 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£55) £55

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 10th November 1939.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and Subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,57,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		84,27,24,000
Loans against Securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		9,20,000
Sundries		80,95,000
	Rupees	96,37,39,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	46,16,49,000	
Other Authorised Investments	96,23,000	47,12,72,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	8,34,07,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	23,14,34,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,71,11,000	34,19,52,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		9,20,000
Dead Stock		1,88,39,000
Sundries		74,16,000
Bullion		—
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	10,92,06,000	
Balances with other Banks	1,41,34,000	12,33,40,000
	Rupees	96,37,39,000

Wheat Chicago

Chicago: November 15.

December	Dol. 0.87
May	Dol. 0.85 1/4
July	Dol. 0.83 1/4

New York Sugar

New York: November 15.

January	1.79
March	1.92
May	1.95
July	7.98

American Cotton Figures

F. P. Bales.	1939-40.	1938-39.
Receipts to date 15-11-39	2276000	2484000
Receipts yesterday 15-11-39	16000	8000
Exports to date 15-11 39	2068000	1409000
Stock at Ports 10-11-39	2892000	3203000
Stock at Interior Towns 10-11-39	3541000	3502000
Stock at Liverpool 10-11-39		1098000
Visible Supply 10-11-39		8074000
Quantity in sight 10-11-39	6751000	5850000
Quantity ont of sight 10-11-39		3411000

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: November 15.

Fine white Java sugar per cwt:—
Ready (small grain) Rs. 18/7.
Ready (large grain) Rs. 18/9.
Shipment (F. B. H.):—
October Rs. 10.
November Rs. 10/6.
December Rs. 10/8.
Tone:—Quiet.

HAPUR MARKET

Hapur: November 16.

Wheat ready Rs 3/5; Mangsir Rs. 3/5/3; Maha Rs. 3/6; Jaith Rs. 3/9.
Gram ready Rs. 3/9/3; Mangsir Rs. 3/9; Maha Rs. 3/9/5; Jaith Rs. 3/7/5.
Barley ready Rs. 2/11/3; Mangsir Rs. 2/11-Barley ready Rs. 2/11/3; Mangsir Rs. 2/11/3
Peas ready Rs. 3/6/3; Mangsir Rs. 3/6.
Arhar ready Rs. 3; Mangsir Rs. 3.
Cottonseed ready Rs. 2/10.
Maize ready Rs. 2/11/9.
Tone:—Market firm on huge buying. Weather dry.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: November 16.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. Decr. 116; Febry. 117; April 118.
Yarn No. 16 1/2s. Decr. 131; Febry. 134; April 136.
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. Decr. 168; Febry. 169/8; April 172.
Yarn No. 40s. Decr. 232; Febry. 234; April 236.

Poona Weather Summary

POONA, Nov 16

Widespread heavy rain occurred in south-east Madras. Rainfall has also been fairly widespread in Mysore and Malabar and local in north Madras Coast, while a few falls occurred in Madras Deccan.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Trichinopoly 12 inches; Ootacamund 8; Pamban 5; Nellore 4; Madras, Madura 3 each; Calicut, Coimbatore, Salem 2; Cuddapah 1 1/2; Mysore, Cochin 1.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16-11-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.001 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.1 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.4 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.4 degrees 0.5 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 73.4 degrees 1.2 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 63 per cent
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 110 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-11-1939.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 8-4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.07 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.87 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay, Nov 16

900 bles raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 783 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 300 bales raw cotton P Premji and Co; 300 bales raw cotton R Kanji and Co; 100 bales raw cotton Gordhandas and Co; 200 bales raw cotton N Fatehally and Co; 1251 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 124 bales raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 400 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 6 bales tnd sheep skins D Abraham and Sons; 7 bundles wlu carpets R Aminoff; 1310 bags gr nut oil cake exp M Bhuta and Co; 10 bundles lamb skins raw R Aminoff; 51 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley Ltd; 211 bales per lamb skins with fur Grindlay and Co Ltd; 9 bales ctn prints D Abraham and Sons; 572 bags gum Grindley and Co Ltd; 12 bales ctn grey yarn P K Ashar and Co; 95 bales ctn grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak; 75 bales ctn white shirting G N Musty; 200 bales yellow raw wool The Anglo Siam Corpln Ltd; 266 bags gum N Muljee and Co; 150 bales cotton fly Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 82 tons scrap iron C Manilal Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 400 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd.

IMPORTS

2643 cases ctn piecegoods; 500 bags calcium carbonate; 71 cases weaving machine; 941 cases tiles; 115 cases ctn goods; 50 cases galvd wire nail; 50 cases zinc chloride; 100 cases fire crackers; 100 bales brass strip; 34 cases silk piecegoods; 52 bales wln yarn; 106 cts chestwood; 171 bags empty glass bottles; 109 cases green tea; 54 cases wln piecegoods; 1345 cases rayon yarn; 935 cases porcelainware; 166 cases printed ctn jeans; 331 bales staple fibre yarn; 597 cases glassware; 296 cts sau. earthenware; 724 cases ctn yarn; 270 bales raw silk; 117 bales printing paper; 961 cases rayon piecegoods; 45 cases printed matters; 186 cases ctn jeans; 120 cases wire nails; 60 cases ctn and rayon mad piecegoods; 42 cases white ctn mull; 45 cases glass bangles; 40 cases cell bangles; 81 bags glass bottles; 59 brls malleable iron pipe; 400 bundles flat bar; 49 cases silk goods; 170 cases art silk yarn; 100 cases refined camphor; 2000 bags copra; 480 cases tin plates; 350 pkgs copper wire; 40 cases tin boxes; 891 bales strawboard; 37 cases art silk piecegoods; 55 cases rayon goods; 90 bales silk and staple fibre mixed yarn; 200 cases pine apples; 87 pkgs toys; 55 pkgs clocks; 395 bags betelnuts; 167 bags magnesium carbonate; 180 bundles mattress fibre; 100 coils wire; 38 bales ctn fents; 72 cases brass wire; 500 bales cassia; 102 cases confectionery; 340 cases ctn and art silk mixed piecegoods.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, Nov 16

The following are closing quotations:—

Ambika	260	0	0
Calico	730	0	0
Jubilee	268	0	0
Jupiter	122	0	0
Motilal Hirabhai	22	8	0
Marsdan	105	8	0
Monograme	56	0	0
Ordinary	381	0	0

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Nov 16

To-day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind January	21	9	6
Punjab January	17	9	6
Desi American January	24	5	0
Tone: Steady.			
Wheat November	27	14	3
January	28	11	6
March	29	6	9
July	30	12	6
Tone: Steady.			
Gram November	35	15	6
January	36	9	0
July	33	10	0
Toria November	46	9	0
February	44	14	0
March	45	12	6
Cottonseeds January	22	5	0
March	22	12	9

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: November 16.

M G Bengal U P Sup. 177; Fine 174; F G 171; Good 168.
M G Punjab Sup. 177; Fine 174; F G 171; Good 168.

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay: November 16.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Sept. This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		2,615	426
Central India	5	6,702	27,676
Barsi and Nagar	164	13,107	4,488
Hyderabad-Gaorani			254
Berar	236	8,790	7,374
Central Provinces	79	1,765	10,034
Total Oomras	484	32,979	50,252
Dholera		4,559	26,545
N.-W. Provinces	63	13,112	2
Rajputana		4,852	3,507
Sind-Punjab	1,561	72,373	30,915
Broach		53	9,505
Coompta and Dharwar	224	11,342	7,563
Westerns-Northerns		9,165	5,780
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		25	1,387
American		128	512
Egyptian, African and Sudan	654	84,774	92,040
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	200	....	....
Total	2,986	233,552	227,011
Arvd. by road to 9th Nov.	39	20,000	..

Exports From Bombay

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to Nov. 9. This year.	Last year.
Europe		13,807	33,592
Japan and China	4,355	180,497	195,873
Coast Ports		6,239	9,053
Up-country by Rail		78,903	58,560
Afloat in harbour for Europe			
China and Japan		7,451	7,262
Total	4,355	286,897	304,340

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: November 16.

Bengal Fine New crop 173-75.
Bengal Fine Nov. +4; Dec. +3 1/2.
Punjab Fine Nov. + 1/2; Dec. +4.
C. P. 1 new crop 225-28; Nov. +17; Dec. +14.
C. P. 2 new crop 220-21; Nov. +12; Decr. +8.
Berar new crop 216-18; Nov. +8; Dec. +4.
Khandesh new crop 213-15.
Jalna/Saila new crop 214-15.
Ahmednagar new crop 214-15.
Broach Febry. +4 1/2.
Punjab 4 F. Decr. +18/20.
Sindh N. T. new crop 264-66; Decr. +40/41.

BURMA CORPORATION LTD.

Bawdwin Mine.—During the month of October 1939 the Corporation's production was:—

Refined lead 6,500 tons; Refined silver 470,000 ounces; Zinc concentrates 4,800 tons; Copper Matte 650 tons; Antimonial lead 100 tons and Speiss 111 tons.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Firmer

CALCUTTA, Nov 16

Jutes: Firmer conditions continued in this counter and good business was transacted in almost all stocks. Coals were unchanged. Teas were steady. Miscellaneous: Full activity and vigour were seen amongst speculatives as well as other industrial stocks and a fair amount of business was put through. Government securities remained unchanged.

Government securities: 3 per cent Government Paper 76/2; 3 1/2 per cent G P 87/9; 3 per cent New Loan 1963/65 83/4; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 100/1.

Banks: Central 31/8; Imperial F P 1407/8; Reserve 101; Dehri Rohtas Rly 9/4.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 13/14; Bowreah Ord 277; do A Pres 191; Dunbar 207; Elgin Mills 145; Kesoram 7/4; New Victoria Ord 1/8.

Coals: Amalgamated 29/8; Bansra 4/6; Baraboni annas 6; Bengal 378; Bhalgora 4/6; Burra Dhemo 5/4; Churulia 2/8; Dhemo Main 13/10; Equitable 38/12 small lots; Hurriladih 14/15; Raneegunge 33/4.

Jutes: Adamjee 19/6; Albion 296/8; Auckland 261; Anglo-India 448 ex div; Bally 278; Barnagore 160; Birla 25/2; Budge Budge 410; Champdany 203/8; Clive 31; Delta 491/8; Empire 36/4; Fort William 313; Ganges 385 small lots; Gourepore 750 ex div; Howrah 65; Hukumchand 8/1; do pref 79; Kamarhatty 605; Kanknarrah 501/8; Kelvin 585; Lothian 333; National 28/10 small lot; New Central 399/8; Orient 240; Presidency 5/10.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/14; Consolidated Tin 4/10; Arthur Butler 11; Braithwaite and Co 11; Burn and Co ord 358; Indian Iron and Steel 38/4 ex div; Saran Eng 6/5; Steel Corpn ord 13/14; do pref 96 small lots; B I Corpn ord 4/15; do second pref 101/8; Indian Cables 14/4; Macfarlane and Co 8; B B Petrol 5/4; Indian Paper Pulp 135; Titaghur Paper pref ord 4/3 small lot; do A ord 23/14 small lot; do B ord 23/8 small odd lot; Digwarrah Rubber 9/6; Sugars Carew and Co 12/2; Raza 15/4 c div; Teas: Hasimara 43/14;

Debentures: 4 1/4 per cent 1936/41/46; Titaghur Paper Mill 100/12; 5 1/2 per cent Dalmia Cement 100 ct; 7 per cent 1936/51 Mahaswastika Sugar 96

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Nov 16

Planting issues came in for a fairly representative turnover. Miscellaneous issues were active with Steel Rolling being very prominent on good speculative buying. Cotton Mills also remained steady and among bank shares Reserve Banks were firm.

Exchange transactions: Indian Bank Ltd Rs. 20/8; Reserve Bank of India Rs. 101/8; 103; Central Bank 31; Lakshmi Mills 37 and 37/8 Dec; B I Corpn ordy 5/2; Pankaja Mills Rs. 67/8; Cochin Malabars 6 and 5/2; Kalpattas 15/14; 16; 16/3 Dec; Vaikundam Rubbers 7/8; Coorg Rubber 22; Travancore Rubbers 4/8; Midland Rubbers 4 and 4/2; Thirumbadi Stock 1/6; Chembra Peaks 2/8/6; an 2/9; Karaikkal Electrics 41; Trichy Srirangams 15/4 small lot; Travancore Sugars 10/6; 10/8; 10/10 cd; Deccan Sugars 41 small lot; Mysore Papers 12/2; and 12/4; Associated Cements 137/4 Dec; A V Thomas and Co 10; Indian Steel Rollings ordy 4/8; 5; 5/4; 5/12; Rhodesia Copper 1/4; Indian Copper 2/8.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: November 16.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 58-2.
Copper Sheets Rs. 79-8.
Tone:—Firm.

RUBBER QUOTA FOR NEXT QUARTER

London Market Not Materially Affected

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The International Rubber Committee's decision to fix the quota for the first quarter of 1940 at 80 per cent. as against 75 per cent. for the present quarter did not materially affect the London market this morning, where such an increase had already been anticipated.

PROSPECTS IN NEAR FUTURE

Rubber interests generally believe that values should harden in the near future, pointing out that a 5 per cent. increase on the new basic tonnage although representing additional supplies of 7,800 tons per month would not relieve the present stringency because the abnormally low United States stocks will probably cause a continued diversion of supplies from London. Moreover under the present arrangements Government's barter purchases are concentrated in the period upto the end of March. Market circles, however, would not be surprised if the time-limit be extended to cover April-June shipments in order to minimise the disturbance of barter.

Stock Exchange circles view favourably the rubber quota announcement and some brokers believe that the recent slight revival of public interest in rubber shares will increase in the near future, especially as some shares at the present prices show good yields.—**Reuter.**

END OF SIMPLEX MILL STRIKE

Management Consents To Submit Grievances To Arbitration

The strike in the Simplex Mills was called off on Thursday evening consequent on the mill authorities coming to an agreement with the Labour leaders to submit the grievances of the strikers to an Arbitration Board.

The women, many of whom were on the verge of a collapse from continued hunger and thirst, marched out of the mill premises at about 8 p.m.

A large crowd of sympathisers and others had gathered at the millgates and welcomed the women.

Two hundred and eighty women workers of this mill went on strike on Tuesday morning. Two women were taken ill on Wednesday and had to be removed to hospital.

At the time when the strike was abandoned there were about 198 women in the compound. Earlier in the day the mill authorities had notified the closure of the mill indefinitely.

Sir N. N. Sircar Sees Viceroy

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16

Certain press reports had suggested that immense political significance attached to Sir N. N. Sircar's visit to Delhi. Your correspondent authoritatively learns that the Viceroy had invited Sir N. N. Sircar in the middle of September last for a talk on 'the general political situation' Sir N. N. Sircar was then busy with a case in Hyderabad and was asked to come and stay at the Viceroy's House on the 10th instant. The ex-Law Member had about four hours talk with the Viceroy on the Indian situation, the Viceregal declaration, the Viceroy's interviews with Gandhiji and others and the outcome thereof.

'DEUTSCHLAND' DAY BY DAY

(Continued from Page 6)

been evacuated. A number of aged and infirm people moved out at the beginning of the war, but the absence of air raids has tempted them to return.

Roots, vanilla, thyme, mint, cherry and rose leaves must in future be mixed with tobacco before it is sold, orders the latest decree of the Nazi Finance Minister.

The decree explains that smokers will not know what substitutes have been put into the tobacco which will be marked "Mixed Tobacco."

The 44th Anniversary of the Srichandra Sanskrit College, Asbhairava, Benares, will be held on Saturday, the 25th of November, 1939, at 4-15 p.m., in the College premises. Mr. W. W. Finlay, I.C.S. will preside.

DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN
COD LIVER OIL

is a preparation which has been relied upon for upwards of 80 years to give the most uniform and satisfactory results in the treatment of

CONSUMPTION
BRONCHITIS ASTHMA
CHRONIC COUGHS AND COLDS
DISEASES OF THE THROAT & CHEST
INFANTILE
AND ALL
WASTING DISEASES

Dr. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL is prepared from the finest Norwegian Oils by a process which cannot destroy the Vitamins, and has been recommended for over 80 years by the leading medical authorities. Dr. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL contains the Vitamins A and D in correct proportion with the other constituents, and proves itself to be NATURE'S FINEST CURE.

Beware of attempts to substitute fraudulent imitations.

Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is sold only in Imperial Half Pint and Pint Bottles bearing Dr. De Jongh's signature.

Proprietors:
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., LTD., 182 Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1, England

DECAY BEGINS
JUST OUT OF REACH—

PROTECT YOURSELF THE SAFETY WAY

Constant rubbing of the teeth with fingers and water, will produce the effect of cleanliness and white teeth. No human finger can, however, dislodge the remains of food wedged between the teeth or behind them.

The use of a stick is liable to damage the enamel. This method may dislodge the food remains between the front teeth only, but will never reach behind the teeth. Moreover, there is always a risk of infection as the stick may carry germs.

With the aid of the dental profession, Tek designed the "short head" toothbrush, which is the only completely safe way of keeping your mouth clean and healthy by reaching behind your teeth and removing every particle of decaying food.

Tek

(or Tek Junior for Children) Sterilized, in sealed container —6 colours.—

ALSO: Johnson's Baby Powder, Baby Soap and Baby Cream, Johnson's Prepared Wool Soap and Powder, Zo Adhesive Plaster, Band-Aid, Modess Sanitary Towels, Ortho-Gynol and Johnson's Belladonna Plasters.

Guaranteed Products of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough.

A BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE
KANGAN
कंगन
LEELA CHITNIS & ASHOK KUMAR
Leading the City on Love's Path—
Daily at 4, 7, 10 P. M.
ROXY

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
2ND BIG WEEK!
2 HOURS of magic entertainment unmatched since "Snow White"
PHOTOGRAPHED IN TECHNICOLOR
The WIZARD OF OZ
with Judy GARLAND, Frank MORGAN, Ray BOLGER, Bert LAHR, Jack HALEY
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Directed by VICTOR FLEMING
Produced by MERVYN LeROY
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

A police order states:
"On and from 27th October, 1939, no light shall be used in any building or part of a building or in any premises appurtenant to such building or part unless it is so screened as not to allow any ray or glare emanating from it to be visible from outside the building or the premises," etc. Contravention may mean a fine and up to six months' imprisonment.
It is cheaper to ask for free advice and get a suitable shade from
BEST SHOWROOMS,
Electric House, - - - Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel: 26024 (7 lines)
BLK 20

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Sud 6, 1996
Muslim: Shavvaal 5, 1358
Parsi: Khordad 13, 1309
Hightide: 3-37; 15-38
Lowtide: 9-35 21-09
Sunrise: 6h. 47m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

An illustrated talk on A. R. P. by Mr. A. S. Trollip, translated into Marathi, today (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House; open to public.

SRI RAMAKRISHNA ASHRAM

Reception to the President of the Ramakrishna Math and Mission, His Serene Holiness Srimat Swami Virajanandaji arrives at Bombay Central Station on Saturday, November 18 at 8-15 a.m. (S.T.).

A. I. RADIO MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The meeting which was proposed to be held under the auspices of the All India Radio Merchants' Association on Monday, November 20 at Greens is cancelled as Mr. A. F. S. Talyarkhan now intimates his inability to address it on that date due to certain unforeseen circumstances.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A special meeting to celebrate the Tenth Anniversary of the United Lodge of Theosophists will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

A. R. P. CLASSES IN KALBADEVI AND MANDVI AREAS

The Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber writes:—

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have arranged to hold classes in the preliminary training in A. R. P. at the Bhatia Mahajan Wadi for the Postal Area No. 2 (Kalbadevi), and at the Grain Merchants' Association Hall for the Postal area No. 3 (Mandvi).

Those who have registered their names with the Office of the Chamber to attend these classes, will please note the dates on which these classes will be held at the two respective areas:—

Mahajan Wadi (Kalbadevi):—20, 22, 27 and 29 November.

Grain Merchants' Association Hall (Mandvi):—17, 21, 23, 28 and 30 November.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Special Organising Officer, Bombay National Guards writes:—

There will be a special meeting of all the members of Dadar and Matunga Sections of Bombay National Guards, to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. at Nappoo Hall, Matunga. All the old and new members of Dadar and Matunga Sections are earnestly requested to be present with new suggestions regarding the re-organisation work.

'F' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Under the joint auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee and Indian Civil Liberties' Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Nappoo Hall, Matunga (G. I. P. Rly.) to congratulate the Mysore and Travancore State Congress workers for their valiant fight for freedom. Dr. S. K. Vaidya will preside, and Sjt. Z. A. Ahmed (U. P. Congress leader), Dr. K. B. Menon, Sjts. Joachim Alva, A. S. R. Chari and other prominent leaders will speak.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"King Kong" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Frontier Marshal" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Wizard of Oz" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Rebel Son" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Juarez" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kahan Hai Manzil Teri" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"On The River" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"As You Please" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kapal Kundala" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Mother India" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
BROADWAY—"Dodge City" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WARNING TO MOTORISTS

(From W. I. A. A.)

Blue light or, for that matter, light of any other hue for screening car head-lamps to comply with the A. R. P. regulations is forbidden, according to Notification No. 9100 of the Commissioner of Police, just issued.

The W. I. A. A. would remind motorists of the existing rule which lays down that the use of any other than a white or whitish light in front of a motor vehicle is an infringement of the law and that, therefore, the only suitable method is to use brown paper, pasted on the inside of the glass, with an extra sheet on the top half of this.

B. P. W. C. Home Industries Exhibition & Sale

The gentlemen or ladies who bought the No. 10 and 379 Hand-books have a surprise for them at the Home Industries Depot, Dhanraj Mahal, Apollo Pier Road.

They are requested to call at the Depot between the hours of 11 and 5 on any week day.

Lajpatrai Anniversary

A public meeting to celebrate Lajpatrai Day will be held at Arya Samaj, Girgaum, Kakadwadi, to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.), when Shri Jamnadas M. Mehta, K. F. Nariman and others will deliver public lectures on "Punjab Kesari Lajpatrai".

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 9 will meet near the Sandhurst Bridge East Side (Opera House) to-mmorow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

LITERACY CLASSES FOR WOMEN

The Literacy Committee of the Bombay Women's Association has undertaken to start 50 Literacy Classes for women, from the 1st of December, 1939. These classes will be conducted for 4 months ending on 31st March 1940. Those women desirous of teaching should register their names with the Hon. Secretary, Literacy Committee, Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4, before 22nd of November, 1939.

BOMBAY CHEMISTS MEETING

An appeal for co-operation between chemists on one hand and manufacturers and their agents on the other was made by Mr. N. R. Sharma, President of the Retail and Dispensing Chemists Association at a special general meeting of the Association at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall on Monday last.

Mr. Purshottamdas, President of the Chemists and Druggists Association promised full support of his Association. Both in public and business interests it was incumbent on all dealers to supply medicinal articles at the lowest prices. He, however, strongly deprecated the supply of goods by manufacturers and their agents directly to the doctors and the public.

Dr. (Miss) Kusum V. Shetty, daughter of Dr. M. Venkatrao, Director of Powells Ltd., who after passing her M.B.B.S. proceeded to London in September 1938 for qualifying herself in radiology and physiotherapy, returned to India by the s.s. "Conte Rosso" after a stay of about fourteen months. She passed the D.M.R.E. (Cantab) and worked in some of the hospitals in London to gain practical experience before she returned to India. She is the first lady doctor in her community and is also the first lady D.M.R.E. from the Bombay Presidency.

CHILD IN HOME EXHIBITION

The exhibition is to be held in the first week of December 1939. All artists are requested to send in at least one picture (preferably framed) either (1) based on child-life, (2) of special interest to the child or (3) an educative picture, between 1st and 4th December 1939. A couple of prizes will be awarded. For particulars apply to the Hon. Secretaries, Gujarati Stree Sahakari Mandal, Baimal Mansion, Napean Sea Road, Bombay.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

The opening ceremony of the new Hindi Municipal School at Chapel Road will be performed by Dr. P. A. Dias, Mayor of Bandra on Saturday morning.

The Bandra Police on Tuesday, found a dead body of an unknown old woman of about 60 lying at Lands End, Bandra Point.

From Wednesday, the Suburbs are alive with the sound of radios every few yards. These radios are now mainly Newsy radios which are crowded all round by cricket fans interested in following the Pentangular Tournament.

By this report I hope to draw the attention of the police to stop crowding on main roads where these radios are in restaurants. The cricket fans engrossed in the report of the game do not pay any heed to the moving vehicle which may result in a disastrous accident.

DR. BHAGWANLAL INDRAJI CENTENARY

The Centenary of Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji will be celebrated on Saturday, November 18 by the Gujarat Research Society in co-operation with the Forbes Gujarati Sabha, Bharatiya Vidya Bhawan, Gujarati Sahitya Parishad and Sahitya Sausad, Bombay, in the South Wing, Town Hall, Bombay. The programme includes an Exhibition of Gujarat antiquities and of the works of Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji from 3 p.m. to 5 p.m. and a public meeting at 6-15 p.m. The Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia will preside.

"Isnaashri Bulletin"

In the Id Number of the "Isnaashri Bulletin" edited by Mr. Sultanali Alladin, the article written by "Moosafer" on the 'History of the Khoja community' will prove very informative to a large number of the members of the community who, according to the writer, are unaware of its origin, and its antecedents. "Wherein lies real happiness" is the caption of an article written by Smti. Nooroonisa Sharif, and ought to be an eye-opener to many who are unsuccessful in its quest. Prof N. B. Merchant gives his quota of contribution in an instructive sketch on the life-work of "Hafiz-e-Shirazi". Mr. Habib H. S. Mahomed in his article on "Quo Vadis" enquires whether "we are better off than our ancestors of a 1,000 years ago"? There are a number of other articles also. The number is illustrated and priced at annas four.

MISSING

(From A Correspondent)

If any one knows the present whereabouts of Anandrao K. Patil, native of Alibag, lately working with a building contractor residing in Parrathi's Wadi, Matunga (B. B. and C. I.). Please inform "The Bombay Sentinel."

(Continued from column 6.)

duly considered and that they were at liberty on a future occasion to approach him once more.

He emphasised that Government would take care that any difficulties arising out of high prices were duly investigated and he invited the members of the deputation to give such information as regards any particular articles in respect of which they considered that action on the part of Government was necessary.

Pandit Bhagwanlal Indraji, LL.D., Ph.D. Honoris Causa (Leyden)—born 7th Nov. 1839: Died 16th March 1888—the centenary of whose birthday will be publicly celebrated in Bombay on Saturday.

Govt. Must Step In And Save Citizens From Profiteers

HORNIMAN DEPUTATION'S SUGGESTIONS TO SIR GILBERT WILES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Important suggestions for an effective control of prices of food-stuffs and other commodities so as to relieve the hardships felt by the poorer citizens since the outbreak of war, were made by a deputation which waited on Sir Gilbert Wiles, Adviser to the Governor, this afternoon. The deputation led by Mr. B. G. Horniman was authorised by the citizens of Bombay at a meeting held at the C. J. Hall on October 16. The deputationists included Mr. B. F. Bharucha, Miss Nariman and Dr. K. K. Dadachandji. The press was allowed to be present during the interview.

SOME SUGGESTIONS

The establishment of a Board of Control composed of experts, fixing of rates of important commodities as on August 1, opening of cheap grain shops by Government, publication of daily rates of commodities, vigorous day-to-day supervision of markets, were some of the suggestions made by the deputationists It was also emphasised that whenever rules and orders were transgressed, there should be prompt action by the authorities.

NEED FOR SPECIAL BOARD

Mr. Horniman first referred to the resolution passed at the public meeting on October 16, urging the Government to take more vigorous steps in the matter of price control so as to afford relief to the middle classes and workers. He pointed out the hardships of the people consequent on soaring of prices without any corresponding increase in wages or income. The general feeling of the public was that the handling of the situation by the Government was inefficient and inadequate. The matter required to be handled by a specially constituted body instead of a single Minister or his advisers. Mr. Horniman emphasised the need for the establishment of a board of control composed of experts and representative men who were conversant with the working of markets.

GOVERNMENT'S GRAVE ERROR

Mr. Horniman pointed out that the Government had committed a grave error in fixing the prices ruling on September 1, as the basis. Even before the declaration of war prices of important commodities had soared to dizzy heights. Another instance of mishandling of the situation was the discrimination made by Government in the selection of commodities for purposes of price control. Commodities of primary importance like ghee, dal and spices had been omitted from the list with resultant exploitation of consumers by whole-sale and retail dealers.

PRICES OF CHEMICALS

Mr. Horniman next referred to the hardship of citizens due to whole-sale suppliers having increased prices of chemicals and acids by a margin varying from 100 to 200 per cent.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha criticised the Congress Ministry for having passed orders in the beginning allowing 20 per cent. margin Public agitation, he said, was responsible for the rectification of the mistake on the part of the Ministry. He appealed to the Government to realise that the hardships of citizens had in no way been alleviated.

Dr. Dadachandji voiced the grievances of members of the medical profession who found it difficult to serve the public because the dealers in chemicals had raised the prices to a high level even on September 1.

SIR GILBERT'S REPLY

Sir Gilbert Wiles in answering the deputation made clear that he was in no position yet to give any definite answer to the various points that had been raised. He explained some of the difficulties connected with the fixation of prices by Government and the practical difficulty of defining what profiteering could reasonably be held to be. He said that Government had throughout been in touch with the situation in the markets and were being regularly supplied with statistics which kept them informed of the movements of wholesale and retail prices. He assured the deputation that the points they had laid before him would be

(Continued in col. 3)

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1939

RIGHT PROCEDURE

All are agreed that the problem of minorities should be solved early and that in the last analysis a Constituent Assembly should ratify the solution. But many have still loose notions about this matter. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has, therefore done a service by emphasizing certain relevant points which, though not quite new, need to be stated and restated unequivocally. First, as regards what he calls the immediate approach to the problem, he strongly supports Gandhiji's view reinforced by "the experience of two decades that unless the British Government first accept the procedure of pledging themselves to accept agreed decisions and that they will no longer play the part of encouraging deliberately or otherwise now one and now the other, there can be no successful negotiations between the Congress and the League or any other Organisation." And if the British Government are sincere in their oft-repeated view that the absence of agreed decisions on minority problems is almost the sole cause of their inability to concede Swaraj to India, they should consistently pledge themselves to accept agreed decisions when they are arrived at and let India formulate a Swaraj Constitution on that basis.

Constituent Assembly

Assuming for the present that the British Government will accept the challenge indicated above, the question arises what should be the next step in arriving at agreed decisions on the minority problem. Obviously, the representatives of the leading bodies that represent the various interests concerned should meet and strive to arrive at a settlement. And if one is arrived at, its ratification by a Constituent Assembly will be a simple, formal affair. If, on the contrary, any sharp differences should persist about the proposals made by the various bodies or even about the very representative character of those bodies, it follows that even the question of an initial draft settlement should be referred to a Constituent Assembly formed on such a wide franchise as to leave no doubt about its representative character. It may, however, be yet objected that the representatives of mixed electorates may not faithfully represent the minorities concerned. The Congress, therefore, accepts the position that in electing representatives for the Constituent Assembly the principle of separate electorates for such communities as desire it will be applied. It may further be objected that, even with this concession of separate electorates, minorities may be swamped by the majority. But, as Mr. Rajagopalachari reminds us, the Congress agrees that "safeguards for the protection of the legitimate interests of minorities should be such as would be satisfactory to the minority communities as otherwise, we should be landed once again on British coercion." Such a position should expel the misgivings of any minority about the working of a Constituent Assembly or the attitude of the Congress therein.

Princes And Britishers

We have so far assumed that the British Government will pledge themselves to accept the agreed decisions of the minorities in the country and concede Swaraj straightway. But their recent pronouncements do not encourage any such hope. On the contrary they are pressing upon the Congress new "minorities" to be satisfied. They have actually referred to the Princes and Europeans as if they were Indian minorities. But Mr. Rajagopalachari rightly points out that today the States are not peoples but only Governments unrelated to the people and that, therefore, they cannot be regarded as minorities. "They should be dealt with," he says, "on no better footing than as unrepresentative Provincial Governments. They cannot claim the status of minorities and demand a basis of agreement." It is, of course, understood that, if the people of the States take the place of the Rulers, the position will be materially different. As regards the British in India, Mr. Rajagopalachari wants them to be more candid and himself candidly suggests that their claims, based on their stakes in India, should be reduced to "pounds, shillings and pence and provided by agreement or arbitration by a disinterested judge, say, some Dominion Minister or Ministers." This is an interesting suggestion and certainly not unreasonable. In any case it is undesirable and unfair for the British to "seek a balance of power between warring communities for the protection of their interests."

Bhagwanlal Indraji

Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji, whose centenary will be celebrated by the Gujarat Research Society in co-operation with the Forbes Gujarati Sabha, Bharatiya Vidya Bhawan, Gujarati Sahitya Parishad and Sahitya Sansad on Saturday at the Town Hall, was one of the pioneers of Indian Archaeology. He belonged to the Prashnora Nagar community and was born in Junagadh on 7th November 1839. His father, Indraji, was an Ayurvedic practitioner. Dr. Bhagwanlal was educated in Gujarati, Sanskrit and Ayurved but not English. In the early years of his life the edicts of Asoka and other inscriptions on the Girnar aroused his curiosity to decipher them. With the help of the alphabet prepared by Mr. James Prinsep he re-read the inscriptions. This was the beginning of the mission of his life. Dr. Bhagwanlal's work at Girnar won the admiration of Col. Lang and Mr. A. K. Forbes, the Political Agents of Kathiawar. The latter recommended him to Dr. Bhau Daji of Bombay, a medical practitioner and an eminent scholar and archaeologist, who invited him to Bombay. The budding archaeologist came to Bombay at the age 22 and immediately commenced his activities under the patronage of Dr. Bhau Daji. He travelled in all parts of the country and collected inscriptions, coins and other objects and published his researches in the literary and archaeological journals. Dr. Bhau Daji was able to secure help for him from the Junagadh State and the Government. He was given all facilities wherever he went.

The death of Dr. Bhau Daji was a great loss to Indian archaeology and a shock to Dr. Bhagwanlal but it did not deter him from the pursuit of research. Though he was well-versed in all the branches of archaeology, epigraphy was his forte. His revised readings of inscriptions were considered to be authoritative. His researches enriched the history of India. Ancient history of Gujarat in the "Bombay Gazetteer" was compiled by him. The discovery of the fragmentary edict of Asoka and the valuable objects recovered from the excavations at Sopara record his selfless labours and deep insight into archaeology.

Several European scholars and archaeologists were attracted by his magnetic personality and were in close touch with him. The honorary membership of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, the Fellowship of the University of Bombay, the Foreign Membership of the Board of the Royal Institute of Philology, Geography and Ethnology of Netherlands, "Honoris Causa" of the Leyden University and the Honorary Fellowship of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland were the honours conferred upon him. Dr Bhagwanlal remained devoted to his mission till the end of his life. Bombay, which was the centre of his activities, has, so far, taken no steps to perpetuate his memory. Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji, who was a scholar and archaeologist of rare ability and international reputation deserves the honour of civic recognition by the Corporation of Bombay. The celebration of the centenary should be the beginning of the movement for a memorial to him.

India The Path To Victory

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

LONDON.

(Delayed in transmission).

It is possible, and even probable, that we shall awaken tomorrow to learn that India has taken the first steps in a revolution against British rule.

Are no further negotiations possible? It is hard to see a basis for them after the statements by the Viceroy in reply to Congress, and by Lord Zetland for the Government in the Lords.

Congress has given its warning: it will not support this war, because it holds that Britain has entered it with no intention of abandoning her traditional imperialism towards India. I do not know the plans of its leaders, but I can make some probable guesses.

In eight of the eleven Indian provinces, Congress Ministries are in office. They will probably resign. Over the greater part of the Peninsula we shall then relapse into autocratic rule without disguises. Sooner or later, we must expect a renewal of civil disobedience. There will be no violence, but with the obstinate, passive courage that distinguishes them scores of millions of Indians will quietly ignore and disobey their British rulers.

Before long, if any news leaks out, we may learn that, as on the last occasion, a hundred thousand of their foremost men and women are in our prisons. Among them there may be Mr. Gandhi, perhaps the most widely respected human being alive on this earth to-day.

★

I have seen one campaign of civil disobedience, and I shudder as memory recalls it. I think of the bruised and even tortured bodies of men and women, who suffered under the rifle butts or 'lathis' (long, heavy metal-tipped staffs) of the Indian police. I recollect the crowded and unhealthy prisons. I remember the flight from their villages of thousands of peasant families, who camped in the fields rather than pay their taxes.

Of all this, if it begins again we shall hear little. But it will be widely broadcast in America, and the German wireless will spread the news round the world. How much will survive, outside this island, of the belief that we are fighting for democracy and the higher values of Western civilisation?

To nine Englishmen in ten all this will come as a surprise; they had other things to think about. That is precisely why we do wrong in taking upon ourselves a responsibility we cannot discharge. No nation can govern another, and we ought not to try.

How, then did it all begin? In August, large bodies of Indian troops were sent to Egypt, Aden, and Singapore. There was no debate about it: no vote sanctioned it. These men, sent to fight for England in foreign lands, were merely pawns moved by a white hand across the chequer-board of world politics.

Then, in one hurried sitting at Westminster, six hundred gentlemen, with not a dark skin among them, passed an Act placing in the hands of a Scotch nobleman at Delhi the most formidable emergency powers for the duration of the expected war.

Finally, on receipt of a cablegram from London, Lord Linlithgow proclaimed India a belligerent in this war between rival European Powers. And so, without the consent of their representatives, three hundred million Indians found themselves at war.

All this was usual: it has happened in all the Empire's previous wars. But India to-day is adult. She governs herself, albeit under a faulty and precarious charter, in the provinces. Much has been conceded, but much has been withheld. Precisely because Indians have now some say in their domestic affairs, they resent it the more bitterly that over national policy they have no control whatever.

It is not that they feel any sympathy with German imperialism. They are struggling to win democracy: they hate Fascism, loathe the racial pride of the Nazis, and feel for Poland the keenest sympathy. But we have challenged their self-respect. Unfree themselves, are they to fight, at our bidding, to free others?

Accordingly, in a dignified document, which only one English newspaper has published, Congress addressed its searching questions to the Viceroy. It wanted to know our war aims in relation to India and the dependent Empire. It would support a war for democracy and a new world-order, but with an Imperialist war like the last it would have nothing to do.

★

For it the test was India. It was not unreasonable. It knew that in a war for survival we could not pause to hammer out a new Constitution. But it asked for three things: Firstly, a general statement of our war aims; then a promise that we will grant India self-determination after the war; finally as an earnest of our sincerity, some transitional arrangement which, in effect, will give the substance of national self-government now.

The background of all this must be briefly sketched. Half of the India Act of 1935 is working, reasonably well; the provinces enjoy a qualified autonomy. The other half of the Act, which proposed to link the British provinces and the princes' States in a Federation remains a dead letter, and has now been suspended till peace returns.

That, as it happens, is fortunate. This scheme had no Indian supporters. Congress, which won a majority over India as a whole at the provincial elections, was pledged to resist it. The Moslems dislike it; the mildest Liberals have criticised it in scathing language. Even the princes, who at first welcomed it, recently pronounced it "unacceptable."

There is, then, a vacuum, which Indians invite us to fill, if the zeal we profess for democracy is genuine.

★

The Viceroy's answer has now been published. Summed up in a sentence, it rejects India's petition because Indians are not unanimous. The fact that Congress, under adverse conditions, won a majority at the polls is quietly ignored.

Against it are mobilised, one after another, in their immense variety, all the parties, creeds and interests that Congress had defeated. The only serious part of this argument is that the leaders of those Moslems for whom creed comes before coun-

Continued on page 3

'Deutschland' Day By Day

(As reported to our London Correspondent).

LONDON, (By Mail).

Believe it or not Dr. Goebbels is in trouble once again. This time it is for a libellous statement against the Vatican which has gravely offended Catholic opinion throughout Italy and Franco's Spain.

The doctor stated in his paper, "Angriff," that His Holiness had accepted bribes from the Allies for quoting "exaggerated German losses" on the Polish front and publishing them in "Observatore Romano," the Vatican newspaper. Spanish and Italian radio repeated this statement.

This has created such a storm that the Vatican has protested to the German Government. The Fuehrer has sent an angry message to the learned doctor telling him not to publish anything anti-Catholic that could be quoted abroad. With Italy slipping farther away from the Deutschland, the German Dictator does not want to outrage either Signor Mussolini or the Italian public opinion.

* * *

Strong anti-Bolshevik elements in the "Old Guard" of the Nazi Party are believed in Berlin to be responsible for circulating in the form of a leaflet an amazing "faked" photograph of Ribbentrop.

It shows the German Foreign Minister arm-in-arm with "Red Rosa," the murdered German-Jewish communist, and Karl Liebknecht.

It is giving Ribbentrop great anxiety by adding to his unpopularity caused by his Russian deal. Efforts are being made to find the originators.

Rosenberg, "high priest" of Nazi philosophy, Goebbels and Dr. Funk, all anti-Bolshevik, are suspected, especially as they have now ceased to have any influence with Hitler and are on the down grade.

* * *

German minorities in Rumania, who in the past insisted on having street names in German as well as in Rumanian, have asked for the German names to be removed.

At the same time there have been threats on the lives of Col. Beck and Marshal Smigly Ridz, interned in Rumania. Extra precautions are being taken to protect them.

* * *

A crop of rumours has resulted from the sudden death of one of the most influential Nazi leaders: S. S. Group-leader Baron von Einem.

Baron von Einem is the son of a famous war-time general whose name appeared at the foot of most German war communiques in the last war.

He was the leader of the Nazi Party's Flying Corps and attached to Goering's private squadron. He was not killed in action nor in accident.

Since his mother was known to have fallen from grace following a propaganda campaign which she carried out in Paris, well-informed quarters believe that both she and her son are the victims of Goering's private vengeance.

Baron von Einem was very popular among his S.S. flyers, who have been restless ever since his mysterious death.

* * *

German business circles are disturbed by the revival of subterranean Communism as a result of the pact with Russia.

The official organ of the German Booksellers' Union has issued a list of books which may no longer be offered for sale and which must be returned to the publishers. They include:

"Jews Behind Stalin," by Komoss; "International Law Against Bolshevism," by Prof. Bockhoff, the German authority on international law; "Soviet Russian Social Policy," by Hartvig; and "Revelations about Moscow," by Butenko.

M. Butenko was the Soviet Charge d'Affaires in Bucharest, who sought refuge in Rome early last year from the Soviet secret police. The Nazis, it is felt, are attempting to ride two horses at once. At the same time as the Gestapo—the secret police—and the "National Reporting Service" are being organised for a new wave of suppression of popular discontent, concessions are being made to disruptive elements for fear of forfeiting Stalin's precarious favour.

* * *

Probably for the first time in history the remains of Charlemagne have been removed from Aachen, in Western Germany, and taken into the interior.

Other treasures of the Aachen Cathedral have been removed and similar precautions taken in a number of Rhineland churches. A Dutch correspondent in Western Germany denies that Aachen has

(Continued on Page 4 Col. 3)

Frankly Speaking

Allies And China

Tokio reports the capture of Pakhoi the last seaport in Chinese hands. If this claim is correct, China can communicate with the outside world only through Russia and British and French territories. According to recent reports, Russian assistance to China has lately been considerably increased. But what about transport of supplies through Burma and Indo-China? A few days ago there was a significant report to the effect that Britain and France were reducing their garrisons in Northern China to the very minimum. In normal conditions this move would be welcome as an Anglo French gesture of goodwill to Chinese Independence. But Northern China to-day is under Japanese occupation. The gesture, therefore, looks extremely suspicious. Are Britain and France trying, under the stress of the war in Europe, to come to some arrangements with Japan favourable to themselves but prejudicial to China?

Germany's Economic War

The Copenhagen report to the effect that trade negotiations between Germany and Sweden have broken down, has now been contradicted. The official version, both Swedish and German, is that they have been suspended pending certain consultations. This is more likely. But the very fact that they have been suspended to enable the German delegation "to obtain fresh instructions" shows that they are going against the Nazis. The decisive resistance offered to the German demands is significant. It means the failure of Germany's reply to Britain's "economic blockade", for the Scandinavian States which were to be the basis of Herr Hitler's counter-offensive are apparently determined to remain pro-Ally.

Interesting Counter-Offensive

But this failure of Germany is not the only Allied victory. In addition to the naval blockade of Germany which, in the very nature of things, cannot but be successful, the British are carrying the economic war quietly but into the enemy's camp as it were. They are attempting actually to capture what are supposed to be Germany's own spheres of economic influence. An agreement has already been concluded with Italy and it is shortly to be further reinforced. An agreement has been virtually reached with Spain. And, finally, Britain is extending her influence in the Balkans too—and through the most pro-German of all Balkan countries, Bulgaria! The economic warfare is developing on quite interesting lines. Herr Hitler shouts threats, his enemies quietly carry them out.

Soviet-Finnish Breakdown

M. Tanner, the head of the Finnish delegation to Moscow, has declared on his return: "The negotiations were carried on amicably throughout and there had been no threats and no ultimatums. The talks had not been broken off". Moscow, however, offers a different picture of the situation altogether. In the first place there is a significant radio attack on Britain in this connection—incidentally, we wonder why President Roosevelt and the U.S.A. have been spared. And, secondly, Moscow proposes to give the following version of the position as regards the talks:—

"The Finns are trying to fix the blame for the failure of the negotiations upon the Soviets, while the facts are that the Finnish ruling classes do not want an agreement with the Soviet. Finnish official statements that an agreement is desired and the conversations were only temporarily interrupted are meant to mislead Finnish public opinion".

Russia, clearly, has decided that negotiations are at an end. What else has she decided?

Discreditable

Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, has completely exposed, in a press statement, the injustice of the Government of India's action in so regulating the Haj pilgrim traffic as to allot only 25 per cent. of the traffic to the Scindia Company and 75 per cent. to the Moghul Line. The injustice is particularly glaring because, as Mr. Walchand points out, the Government themselves state that the share of the trade is allotted on the basis of the carrying capacity of the ships and admit that "it is slightly more favourable to the Scindia." In any case some special consideration ought to have been shown to the only national concern participating in the traffic. But as a matter of fact Government have done less than justice to it. Whatever their motives in this matter, they are certainly not fair or just.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

BUCHAREST, November 15.

A British trade mission is expected shortly in Sofia.

It is understood that Bulgaria will be prepared to sell to Britain butter, bacon, fruit, and pulp in exchange for rubber and other colonial products and industrial goods.—Reuter.

* * * *

"Congress exists for Minorities", claims Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi.

And Minorities, of course, exist for British Imperialism.

* * * *

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar urges that the States should be taken as represented by what is called the Paramount Power....

At least the gallant Maharaja of Bikaner should agree—with his Princely sword drawn.

* * * *

"There is", says C. R., "one subject on which the British for obvious reasons of propriety are not candid enough," meaning thereby "their concrete interests in India".

We fully agree with C. R.'s compliment. Propriety obviously requires that the reason should be decently draped.

* * * *

"Training stations", says a London message, "for Indian air force pilots are opening in India where Indian Princes have given large sums for the development of air defence".

This information inspired the Junior Colleague to a verbal flight, but we summarily forced him down.

* * * *

"Unhappily Congress effort in the administrative field appears to have been inspired by enthusiasm untempered by practical wisdom. Zeal outran discretion and principles over-ruled possibility".

—Anglo-India.

Quite,.... Now that Congress Ministries are out.

Quite.

* * * *

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is reported, feels confident that the Muslim League will bring about a new spirit.

We, too, feel cautiously hopeful because tolerance and forbearance have begun at home.

* * * *

The Moscow Radio violently attacks Finland's rulers for "being backed by Britain."

Quite, quite. In fact, down with Britain which backs rulers only to incite them as against Russia which backs Nazi rulers in the sacred cause of peace and security against aggression.

* * * *

By the way, the Radio seems to disagree with M. Molotov in whose opinion "Finland's rulers" were backed by President Roosevelt.

Or perhaps, the Kremlin has changed its mind after a certain communique by Washington.

* * * *

It is suggested that the Dutch are annoyed because Herr Hitler has not thought fit to reply to their Sovereign's appeal himself.

They ought, on the other hand, to be profoundly grateful that he chose Herr von Ribbentrop as the medium and not General von Brauchitsch.

* * * *

"Observers", according to Reuter, believe that the recent aerial raids by Germany over Scotland and France have been intended to inspire fresh confidence in the Nazi Air Force.

Then why not destroy the confidence?

* * * *

"When this vacuum flask is filled it will keep things hot for you indefinitely", remarked the salesman to the tired-looking little man at the counter.

"No thanks", he replied, retreating hastily. "I married something like that".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

If you want a thing well done, tell the waiter to bring it rare.

* * *

Snow comes down in the winter and ice goes up in the summer.

* * *

If a man is cowardly he quotes "Discretion is the better part of valor."

* * *

No man ever thinks enough of his mother-in-law to make his wife jealous.

* * *

A man has to put up with a good deal in this world and put up for a good deal more.

* * *

Don't think that every sad-eyed woman had loved and lost. Perhaps she loved and got him.

More Indian Seamen On Strike In London Docks

Demand Cent Per Cent Increase In Wages: Protest Against Policy Of Repression: Support Congress Stand For Freedom

LONDON, Nov. 16.

A resolution demanding the immediate release of the jailed Indian seamen and requesting the shipowners to come to an agreement on the basis of the demands of the Indian Seamen's Federation was passed by a meeting of Indian seamen in London.

Other resolutions supported the demands of the seamen signing on at Indian Ports for a hundred per cent increment in their wages and ten sterling war risk bonus and condemned the manner in which the law had been used against those making demands for a higher wage than thirty-five shillings a month.

Political resolutions supported the Indian leaders' demands for self-determination.

At least forty additional Indian Seamen have gone on strike at the London docks for increases.—Reuter.

'ANDERSON ADAMANT

Br. Govt. Won't Interfere In Conviction Of Indian Seamen

LONDON, Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons, Mr Sorensen asked a question regarding the nature of the offence for which 22 Indian seamen were sentenced to two months and whether the Home Secretary would have the sentenced reviewed with a view to their early release.

Sir John Anderson replied that he understood that the seamen were convicted for combining together to disobey a lawful order contrary to the Merchant Shipping Act. On information at present before him, he did not find ground to justify his recommending interference with the sentences which the court had imposed after hearing evidence.

WHAT ABOUT NEW STRIKERS?

Mr. Sorensen declared that there were others striking for the same purpose. In view of possible political repercussions would the Home Secretary not consider other means of meeting their grievances?

Sir John Anderson said that he was in no way responsible for the initiation of prosecutions in these cases but in considering whether there was ground for recommending interference with the court he had to keep certain well-known principles in view.—Reuter.

Bodies Of 24 Victims Recovered

CARACAS, November 16.

The bodies of 24 victims of the "Lagunilla's" fire have been recovered.

It is believed that the number of victims has been exaggerated.

A number of persons have been taken to the hospital.—Reuter.

LONDON, November 16.

Since the war began the cost of living index figure has risen by 14 points (from 155 to 169), states the Ministry of Labour and on November 1 the figure was 69 per cent. above the level of July, 1914, compared with 65 per cent. on September 30.—Reuter.

-NOW!... an Amazing Difference"

Here's a man who was in the condition that thousands suffer from—he wasn't really well or really ill. Simply felt out of sorts—his back ached—work became a strain—leisure was no longer looked forward to—life was losing its sparkle. Read how he won back to glorious health!

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LEGAL DISABILITIES OF HINDU WOMEN

Sircar Committee Will Meet In December

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16

Sir N. N. Sircar, ex-Law Member to the Government of India, leaves tomorrow evening for Hyderabad.

It appears the Committee to examine the legal disabilities of Hindu women will meet in Calcutta in December under the chairmanship of Sir N. N. Sircar. No witness will be examined, nor any evidence or memorandum will be recorded.

The Home Member is in correspondence with the members of the Committee for the definite date.—United Press.

Case Against Scindias

The case in which the Directors and officers of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. and Narottam and Co. were charged with alleged defalcation, falsification of accounts and forgery, came up for further hearing before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on Thursday.

Complainant Mr. Ardeshir Subedar, in arguing the case referred to various exhibits in order to show why charges should be framed against the accused. He then tried to prove the charges of alleged falsification of accounts and defalcation against the accused.

Further hearing of the case stands adjourned to December 14.

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BR. CARGOES IN ENEMY SHIPS

German Demand And London Chamber's Advice To Owners

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The London Chamber of Commerce is negotiating for the release of British-owned cargoes valued at between three and five million; sterling lying in the odds of hundred and forty German ships taking refugees in neutral ports. The Germans are demanding from 10 to 35 per cent of the value of the cargoes plus full freight charges to a British port before surrendering the goods. Most of the cargoes have already been paid for. The German demand is said to be to cover the costs incurred at the port of refuge. The cargo-owners would have to pay additional freight and insurance from neutral port to Britain.

The Chamber is advising the owners to pay freights and not over 2 per cent of the value of the cargoes to meet the "costs." In special instances the Board of Trade will issue licenses permitting the necessary payments to the benefit of the enemy.—Reuter.

Last Of U. S. Lines In Beligerent Waters

LONDON, Nov. 16.

"President Harding", last of the United States liners flying the Stars and Stripes in beligerent waters sailed from Britain to New York yesterday, so heavily laden with passengers that additional cots and beds were provided and the waiting room was filled up as dormitory.—Reuter.

BR. LINER EVADES SUBMARINE

PANAMA, Nov. 16.

How a British liner "Mataroa" (12,300 tons) 'en route' from England to New Zealand succeeded in escaping an U-Boat after a 50-minute chase was told on her arrival here.

The submarine was sighted when she came to the surface two and a half miles off.

"Mataroa's" Captain immediately swung round the ship, putting the U-Boat astern and ordered fullsteam ahead.

The chase lasted until the submarine was left seven miles behind when she gave up.

"Mataroa" was defensively armed but the Captain said that he was under orders not to fire unless he was attacked.—Reuter.

SIR A. HAROON KEEPS ALOOF

Manzilgah Restoration Committee's Decision

KARACHI, Nov. 16.

The Manzilgah Muslim Restoration Committee rejected the terms of Government and declined to get Manzilgah vacated of trespassers. The Committee resolved that the Government should withdraw the Special Ordinance first and announce their verdict concerning the ownership of Manzilgah within four weeks instead of six weeks.

HAROON KEEPS ALOOF

Sir Abdulla Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, and other members disapproved of the uncompromising attitude of the Manzilgah Restoration Committee and dissociated themselves from the movement.

In this connection it is learnt that the Government are taking action to get Manzilgah vacated.

The Hindu Ministers who threatened to resign if Manzilgah was not got vacated by Government within a reasonable time are meeting shortly to clarify their position. Attempts are, however, being made to avert a crisis which threatens the present Ministry.—United Press.

RUNS AMUCK, KILLS ONE & INJURES 12

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

One person was shot dead, while about a dozen others were injured as a result of an Anglo-Indian running amuck at Beadon Road, a busy thoroughfare, this evening.

The police pursued the accused who was overwhelmed. Further enquiries are proceeding.—United Press.

Grandson To Palanpur Nawab

(From A Correspondent.)

BHAVANGADH, Nov. 16.

All offices, courts and schools in the Danta State were closed on the 17th instant as a mark of joy at the birth of a grandson to His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Palanpur. Sweets were distributed in school.

British Cruiser Captures German Ship

LONDON, Nov. 16.

After being sighted by a British Cruiser a German steamer believed to be "Leander" (969 tons) was taken to a west country port as prize.

It is believed that the ship entered Vigo at the outbreak of the war and was unable to get food. The crew decided to make a dash for Germany. Between 20 to 30 men were landed in Britain.

Sailing Under Soviet Colours?

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Apparently "Leander" the captured German steamer had been masquerading as Russian. The letters U.S.S.R. had been painted on her side and she had Russian flag.—Reuter.

"Leander" Drifts In Heavy Sea

LONDON, Nov. 16.

When the Captain of the "Leander" after disabling the engine tried to scuttle the ship he was beaten up. The men refused to open the seacocks saying that they did not want to lose their personal belonging. A sailor knocked the Captain down and he was held struggling on the deck.

When sighted by a British cruiser the "Leander" was drifting in a heavy sea having run out of fuel.—Reuter.

Dutch Public Offended

LONDON, November 16.

The Hague officials to-night are busy recording a communication from the Dutch Minister in Berlin, presumably giving a gist of his interview with Herr von Ribbentrop.

If Herr von Ribbentrop's statement is to be taken as Hitler's reply to Queen Wilhelmina's telegram, public opinion in Holland will inevitably be most offended, as it is pointed out that when the Queen sends a message to the Head of a Foreign State, the average Dutchman expects at least the courtesy of a formal reply.

Moreover this method of dismissing the offer is regarded as all the more unfriendly in view of the recent statement made by the Dutch Foreign Office to the effect that British and French replies were considered to "leave the door open".

Hitler's failure to mention the peace move in his Munich speech has caused deep regret in Holland.

The German intimation that Queen Wilhelmina's telegram would be carefully examined gave a ray of light during the critical period. But the latest development serves to cast a deeper shadow over the final disappointment.-

German Floating Debt Increases

It is announced in Berlin that the Floating Debt of the Reich has increased from 7,937 million Marks to 9,086 million during August.

Trade Talks Not Broken Down

A German Foreign Office spokesman denied that the German-Swedish trade talks had broken down. He stated that they were adjourned to enable the German delegation to obtain fresh instructions.

Permanent Breakdown In Soviet-Finnish Talks

LONDON, November 16.

The news of the failure of the Finnish negotiations will be conveyed to the Soviet public by a dispatch from Helsinki to be published in to-day's Soviet newspapers.

The dispatch states "The Finns are trying to blame the failure of the negotiations upon the Soviets, while the facts are that the Finnish ruling classes do not want an agreement with the Soviet. Finnish official statements that an agreement is desired and the conversations were only temporarily interrupted are meant to mislead the Finnish Public Opinion.

Govt. To Fix Wages In France

All wages in France in future will be fixed by Government. This was decided at a meeting between M. Daladier, M. Reynaud and M. Pomparet, Minister for Labour.

Government are taking the step in order to fix definite wages for workers in national defence and independent industrial firms so as to abolish disproportions between their earnings and also to avoid sudden increase in the cost of living.

The decree which is expected to be published in a few days will not alter the existing working hours.

Smuts' Victory

General Smuts' Government has won two Provincial Elections fought on neutrality issue. The elections were the first in the Union since the United Party split on the war issue, when General Smuts succeeded General Hertzog.

Why South Africa Broke Off With Germany

"South Africa had to break off relations with Germany in order to save the country from a civil war," declared Van Derbyl, Minister without portfolio, in a speech here.

Germany's Diplomatic corps in South Africa had broken all laws of decency and diplomatic tradition by acting as Spies, Agents, and Propagandists in order to create a civil war here. After refering to Germany's oft broken pledges Van Derbyl challenged any body to prove that Britain had broken her word to South Africa during the past 37 years.

British Trade Mission For Bulgaria

A British Trade Mission is expected to arrive shortly in Sofia. It is understood that Bulgaria will be prepared to sell to Britain Butter, Bacon, Fruit and Pulp in exchange for Rubber and other colonial products and industrial goods.

SENTENCES CONFIRMED

Echo Of Murder Of Lahore Editor

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

A division bench of the Lahore High Court, consisting of Mr. Justice Dalip Singh and Mr. Justice Sale, dismissed the appeal in the case arising out of the cold blooded murder of Moulana Mazharuddin, Editor of the "Allaman" and "Wahdut," (Vernacular Weeklies of Delhi), and confirmed the sentences already passed on them by the Sessions Judge of Delhi, sentencing Shaffiq Ahmed to death, Mohammad Ahmed to transportation, and Nawab Mirza to three years' rigorous imprisonment.—United Press.

BR. REPRESENTATION TO TOKIO

Crew Of Imperial Airways 'Plane

LONDON, November 16.

The crew of the "Dardanus" (Imperial Airways plane) were handed over to the British Consul-General at Canton yesterday, announced Mr. Butler answering a question in the Commons the local Japanese authorities at Canton had apologised for their detention. Arrangements were being made to repair the aeroplane at Waichow Island when it would be returned to the Imperial Airways.

Mr. Butler added that Sir Robert Craigie had made presentations to the Japanese Government and arrangements for an amicable settlement were now progressing.—Reuter.

"STOP INFLUX OF FOREIGN GOODS"

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The stoppage of the influx of foreign goods into India, as a means to "reduce almost to a vanishing point the chances of war as far as our country is concerned," is suggested by Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Leader of the Opposition in the Punjab Legislative Assembly.

Dr. Bhargava writes: "We are crying for self-determination—why not practise it as far as the use of articles is concerned? It would, apart from providing India with a potential source for increasing the national wealth, also provide work to the unemployed, which gain in itself cannot be considered small. The task of Britain's fulfilling her pledges towards India will also become easy.

"Will also those desirous of helping their own country, as also Britain in the redemption of her pledges, give this suggestion a sympathetic consideration and try to stop the flow of every humble pie to other countries and redirect it towards our villages"?—United Press.

Assam celebrates the first death anniversary of her celebrated journalist late Kamal Chandra Borooah, the popular editor of "Bordoichila", and the proprietor of the Banti Sahitya Mandir. Mr. Borooah's life was recalled with the student's movement in Assam.

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RURAL INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION

Mrs. Hansa Mehta Performs Opening Ceremony

AMRELI, Nov. 16.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta Parliamentary Secretary, Bombay Government, opened yesterday the Amreli Bharat Darshan Rural Industrial Exhibition.

On the occasion of the address to the local High School Volunteer corps Dr. Lalbhai Dholakiya eulogized Mrs. Hansa Mehta's services to the country. Replying Mrs. Hansa Mehta spoke on the duties of the volunteers and advised them to propagate adult education. Mr. Karsandas Chitalia chief organizer gave a short resume of the exhibition work.

Rajratna Sheth Ramji Hansraj Chairman of the Reception Committee requested in a lucid speech Mrs. Hansa Mehta to declare the exhibition open. Mrs Hansa Mehta in her speech referred to the grinding poverty, the appalling high rate of illiteracy, birth and death average and duration of Indian life, and suggested remedial measures. She advocated nutrition research worker and declared the exhibition open. Rajratna Mohanlal Patel, President of Amreli Municipality thanked Mrs. Hansa Mehta in a stirring speech. Mrs. Hansa Mehta also presided over local women's meeting and addressed a public gatherings. Dr. Jivraj Mehta, the noble consort of Mrs. Hansa, it may be noted is the most prominent citizen of Amreli. Mrs. Hansa Mehta was given ovation everywhere and she was treated as Baroda State guest.

AUSTRALIAN MUNITION FOR BRITAIN

CANBERRA, Nov. 16.

Munition orders from the British Government to the value of several million pounds have been obtained by Mr. Casey, Minister of Supply, now in London, announced Mr. Stewart, Minister of Navy in the House of Representatives.

The operatives of munition factories would be increased from 8,000 to 12,000 in a year.

Consistent with Defence and Civil requirements, every assistance had been and would continue to be accorded to Empire countries seeking foodstuffs and other requirements from Australia.

By 1941, aircraft construction would employ from 9,000 to 10,000 men.—Reuter.

Education Made Subservient To Politics

ZAKIR HUSSAIN ON NEW TRENDS IN FASCIST COUNTRIES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Dr. Zakir Hussain, Principal of Jamia Millia who returned from Europe by m.v. "Conte Rosso" this week left for Delhi to-night by the Frontier Mail.

Interviewed regarding the modern trends of education in Germany, Dr. Zakir Hussain said that the main feature which struck the eye of an outsider was the manner in which the educational system had been made subservient to the political life in Nazi Germany. The aim of education seemed to be to mould the citizen into a definite type that suited the State

NEW TURN IN GERMANY

Nazi Germany had undertaken no new experiments in the educational sphere. Eminent educationists of Republican Germany were no more to be found in the country. Social studies were very much neglected in the Universities because Nazi Germany claimed that they were evolving a new social philosophy.

IN ITALY

The trend in Italy, said Dr. Zakir Hussain, was identical. He referred to an interesting device which enabled an educational Director of Schools in Italy to hear sitting in his room every word taught by teachers in five classes, by merely pressing a button. The Directors each of whom

DR. ZAKIR HUSSAIN WHO HAS RETURNED FROM EUROPE.

supervised five classes thus managed to keep a strict watch over the pronouncements of teachers day after day.

CHAMBERLAIN'S WAR REVIEW

(Continued From Page 1)

reason to fear a breach of its neutrality and that the precautionary measures recently taken by them had been necessary to keep pace with the increased tension in western Europe.

BRITAIN WILL RESPECT NEUTRALITY

The relaxation of tension, which has followed upon these statements, is a satisfaction to His Majesty's Government, who, I need hardly say, have every intention, in accordance with the consistent policy of this country, of continuing to respect the neutrality of the Netherlands and Belgium.

U. S. LEGISLATION

Other developments during the past fortnight have strengthened the position of the Allies. In particular, the United States have, by their recent legislation, restored to us the right to purchase abundant supplies, which they will be able to offer us.

SOVIET-FINNISH DEADLOCK

A less satisfactory incident has been the virtual breakdown of negotiations which have been proceeding over a month between the Soviet Government and the Finnish Government. On November 13, the Finnish delegates were recalled from Moscow, as it had not been possible to reach an agreement between the two Governments. It, however, had been emphasised in official circles in Finland that this does not represent the final rupture between the two countries and that negotiations may be resumed at a later stage.

POLISH FORCES TO HELP ALLIES.

Fresh evidence of close and friendly collaboration between ourselves and our Allies is afforded by the official visit which the Polish Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs are now paying this country. We have been very happy to welcome general Sikorski and to renew contacts with M. Zaleski and to discuss with them measures which are being undertaken to enable detachments of all Polish armed forces to join in the Allied war effort against Germany. A detachment of the Polish Navy is already giving valuable service in co-operation with the Royal Navy, and we hope that it will be possible to take early steps in consultation with the French Government to organise self-contained Polish military forces for service in France. Such forces will, in addition to their intrinsic military value, be symbolic of the right to independent national existence which it is the purpose of our struggle to vindicate, on behalf of gallant Polish people.

I have also had the pleasure of discussing the Allied financial problems with my French colleague, M. Reynaud, during his recent visit to London.

DOMINIONS' REPRESENTATIVES' VISIT

In a statement in the House on November 2, the Prime Minister said that we had been happy to welcome to this country cabinet ministers from Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia and Newzealand and the Union of South Africa and a representative from India. Since their arrival, the representatives of Dominions and India have been engaged with us in a discussion of all aspects of the war.

Our talks have covered questions of defence and foreign policy, problems of supply and matters relating to economic warfare and shipping. A number of meetings have also been held with the representatives of individual Dominions on various special problems. Our discussions are still proceeding, but I am glad to say that progress already made has been most encouraging and has shown the great value of direct personal contact.

VISIT TO FRONT

In addition to their discussions with the Ministers here, the Overseas representatives have been able to see for themselves the various aspects of defence preparations in this country; they have also recently returned from a visit to France where they had an opportunity not only of conversations with M. Daladier and General Gamelin and of meeting the British and French General Staffs but also seeing the British Expeditionary Force and French troops at their war stations.

The representatives of the Dominions and India have thus had an opportunity of judging for themselves the magnitude of our own war effort. It has also been possible to gain a fuller knowledge of how the assistance of the Empire overseas, offered in such a generous measure, may best be utilised for the furtherance of the common cause.

NO MAJOR OPERATIONS

In the various theatres of the war, there have been no major operations during the past fortnight.

At sea, our watch and ward continues. The Minister of Shipping informed the House two days ago that a discussion had already taken place between him and the First Lord of the Admiralty, with a view to speeding up the system of convoy. Faster convoys will be instituted, and as more escorting vessels become available, the number of convoys will be increased.

Since the war began, our destroyers have steamed hundreds of thousands miles. We have now to record the loss, due to a mine, of one of these vessels. That is a part of the price we pay for the command of the seas.

Merchant ships of Germany remain for the most part in their or neutral ports. Of those which have had to leave the harbour a great proportion are either captured or scuttled to avoid capture. Four enemy ships were taken last week, and two large vessels were scuttled to avoid capture. Our own merchant ships continue to move in great numbers across the seas, notwithstanding the fact that their crews now have to brave, in addition to the perils of the sea, torpedoes, gun, and mine of the enemy. We are doing all that is possible to protect our mercantile marine in accordance with the provisions of international law.

Many of our ships have been armed and recent experience has shown that, if attacked, they will acquit themselves with the skill and courage necessary for effective and successful defence.

On land, operations have been curtailed owing to bad weather. On the French front minor German attacks have been repulsed. British forces in France have continued to improve the defence of their section of the line.

Members already know, four enemy aeroplanes dropped bombs on the Shetlands on November 13. They were heavily engaged by our anti-aircraft forces, and the bombs, twelve of which fell on land eight in the sea, caused no casualties and negligible damage. Elsewhere, there has been considerable activity in the air, although it has been of a desultory character, and there have been no major engagements.

Nevertheless, members will be aware from particulars which have been published that a number of successes have been won which have given us a further vivid illustration of the dash and gallantry of the Royal Airforce.

This summary brings the House up to date, and while there has been no outstanding event in the active operations during the last fortnight, the efficiency of our forces and the determination of our peoples are demonstrated with every week that passes.

ATTLEE'S COMPLAINT

Mr. Attlee who followed regretted that the German Government had so summarily rejected the Hague Peace effort. "We all hope that those peaceful countries will not be drawn to the war." He welcomed the statement about the visits of M. Sikorski and M. Reynaud, and especially the Dominions Representatives. The list of subjects discussed with the oversea visitors, however, did not include the formulation of peace aims. There was a demand in Britain for a closer definition of peace aims. It was also not too early to give full consideration to the importance of planning for peace in Britain.

BRITAIN MUST HELP NETHERLANDS

Sir Archibald Sinclair particularly welcomed the Anglo-French economic and financial co-operation, because the two countries will sink or swim together, so will sterling and franc and nothing but the closest co-operation will avail to save them. Sir Archibald Sinclair declared that they owed a great debt to Queen Wilhelmina for her bold initiative and for the assertion of the principles of reasons and justice even amidst the clamour of war. Moreover, it had cleared the air, for, no longer could it be argued that war was forced upon Herr Hitler.

The British Government must be ready to give their prompt support if the duty of protecting their neutrality and liberty was imposed on Holland and Belgium by Herr Hitler. They would not be forgiven, if those countries were made victims of German aggression without effective help being given by us.—Reuter.

MINISTRY MAKING IN ASSAM

Sir M. Saadulla Premier Again

SHILLONG, Nov. 16.

The Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Assam, has issued the following communique:—

"Sir Muhammad Saadulla, Leader of the Opposition was invited by His Excellency to-day to assist him to form a Ministry, and has accepted the responsibility.

The composition of the Ministry and the date of assumption of office will be announced later.—A.P.

Bengal Government's War Resolution

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

The "United Press" understands that an important meeting of the Bengal Cabinet was held to-day, at which the draft resolution on War to be moved by the Coalition Party in the Bengal Legislative Assembly was discussed.

It was felt that the situation was made delicate by Press statements by two Ministers made some time ago, wherein different views were expressed on the issue.

It is understood that a search is being made for evolving a formula to harmonise different approaches to the question and the views of those who stand for the League resolution and those who are non-League members of the Cabinet.—United Press.

Bengal Governor Bids Good-bye

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Sir John Woodhead, Acting Governor of Bengal, had his last Cabinet meeting to-day and bade good-bye to the Ministers.

Sir John will leave Calcutta after the arrival of Sir John Arthur Herbert, Governor-designate, on Saturday next.—United Press.

Sahajanand At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, President of the All-India Kisan Sabha, arrived in Calcutta this morning, and is staying with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose for a day holding important discussions.—United Press.

PENTANGULAR SIDELIGHTS

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

The Hindus had a rather inauspicious start on Thursday when they lost Amar Singh with an addition of only 4 runs to their overnight's total.

* * * *

It was altogether Amar Singh's fault. To try to hit out without getting your eye in is no batsmanship. Amar Singh needs to check his impetuosity a little.

* * * *

C. K. Nayudu stepped into the breach in his majestic style and made things hum in his usual manner—though I was rather surprised to see him coming in before Vijay Merchant.

* * * *

C. K. punished the European bowlers rather severely in his stay of 50 minutes at the wicket. But Wensley had him caught at last—after he had knocked up two glorious sixers and a four simultaneously.

* * * *

C K. might have done better than 45 were he not carried away by the enthusiasm of the crowd. Perhaps he thought he could repeat for the third time what he had done before.

* * * *

Mankad played like his usual steady self all the time. Was never hustled to accelerate the pace unduly. Result was that his score mounted up steadily.

* * * *

European fielding was pretty smart but their bowling stock was small—restricted to four—and lacked sting. Vinoo and Vijay dealt with them as they liked.

* * * *

Mankad joined the distinguished band of Centurion in the Cricket Festival of Bombay by knocking up a faultless 133. Congratulations!

* * * *

If he was not hauled up for a breacn of the l.b.w. code, Vinoo might have gone at batting to the end of time. Actually he was at the wicket for 260 minutes.

* * * *

Umpire Wali Ahmed caused a stir all-round by penalising Brown for stopping the ball with his hat, Vijay, gaining 5 runs extra in the bargain.

* * * *

Vijay scored a century too. It was a treat to watch him piling up his runs, and scoring in his masterly fashion.

* * * *

Merchant was about to be run out when Jai, turned him back. Fortunately for him Brown fell down and lost hold of the ball. Wensley caused much amusement by jumping up to the wickets knocking off the bails.

* * * *

The score-board was literally electrified and figures were changed with astonishing rapidity—thanks to the prolific scoring of Vijay and Jai.

* * * *

Brown broke up this partnership also by claiming Jai's wicket for leg-before-wicket. This was Browns second and Europeans' third wicket under the same law. Jai's 64 was really attractive?

* * * *

The sky was rather cloudy in the afternoon but that did not affect the players in the least. If anything, it helped the Europeans to bear the ordeal somewhat philosophically.

* * * *

Every sympathy will be felt for Vijay Merchant for missing the double century mark so narrowly as by 8 runs. He batted magnificently for 4 hours to send the crowd into a delirium of ecstasy and joy.

* * * *

Wensley deserves all credit for bowling him out. What a strain it must have been to bowl for 50 overs! But he stood it so well till the last. Brown was luckier however with his analysis.

* * * *

By the end of the day, the Hindus amassed the huge total of 548 for 8 wickets. They are still behind the record set up by them last year—560 for 7 wickets against the Rest.

* * * *

An innings defeat for the Europeans is now a certainty, unless they can rise to the occasion and save it.

COMMITTEE OF SPORTING JOURNALISTS

J. C. Maitra As Chairman

The Sporting Journalists of Bombay have elected the following Committee to protect their rights and privileges and at the same time to help the Pentangular Committee in the management of the Press Box:

Mr. J. C. Maitra as Chairman,
Mr. C. N. Desai as Hon. Secretary,
Mr. B. R. Dhurandhar,
Mr. N. J. Leontzini and
Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, M.L.A., as members.

Ex-Minister To Resume Practice

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

Dr. Subbaroyan, ex-Minister for Law will resume practice as advocate. He visited the High Court to-day for arranging for a Chamber.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Gets Himself All Tied Up — By BUD FISHER

THIS IS A CRUEL WORLD! SOMETIMES I WONDER IF IT'S WORTH WHILE LIVING!
I CAN'T FIND WORK, OUR FURNITURE WAS TAKEN AWAY AND THEN TO MAKE MATTERS WORSE WE WERE PUT OUT 'CAUSE WE COULDN'T PAY THE RENT!
NOT ONLY THAT BUT, VIRGINIA, THE ONLY GIRL IN THE WORLD WHO I COULD EVER CARE FOR, TURNS ME DOWN--
HEY, LOOK OUT!
SAY, YOU WANNA BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU CROSS! WHY DON'T YOU WAIT FOR THE LIGHTS?
IT'S ALL RIGHT, OFFICER, I'M COMMITTING SUICIDE!
STREAMLINED STRAIGHT-JACKET MODEL 1938
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Here are the GIFTS they WILL CHOOSE
If you want to give something which is really acceptable---a gift they'd choose themselves—then here's the answer twice over! Two examples from the Waterman's range of world-famous pens. gifts worth giving--and grand to receive! Your problem of "What shall I buy?" is solved!
"Thorobred"
An aristocrat among fountain pens—available in a wide range of new colours. Visible ink section on barrel tells you when it needs refilling Chrome or gold-filled fittings—14 carat gold iridium tipped nib.
"New Ink Vue"
This Waterman's fountain pen can't run dry at the wrong moment—you can see when it needs refilling! In 4 attractive colours, with Gold-filled fittings, double action lever, large ink capacity, 14 ct. Gold nib.
"THOROBRED"
"NEW INK VUE"
Waterman's
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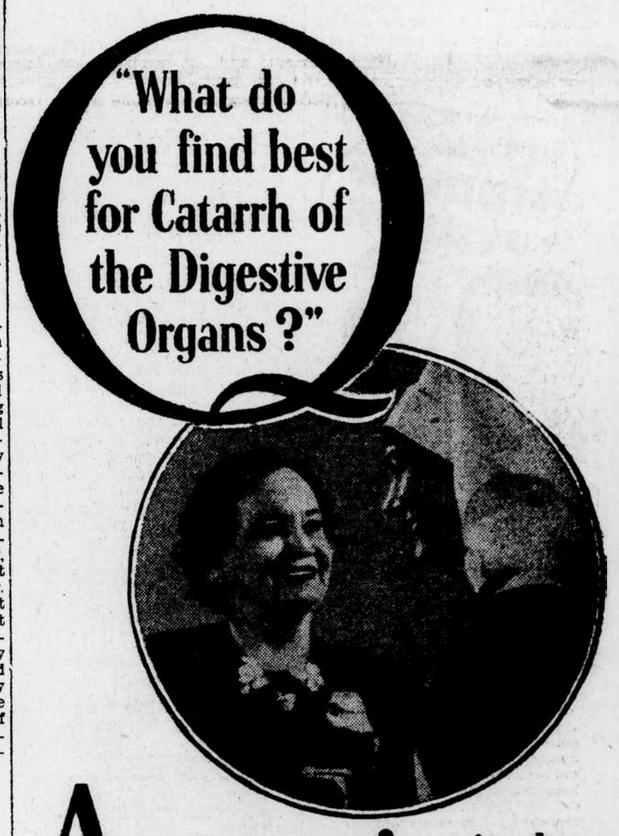
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Vijay Merchant's Inspired Batting

(Continued from page 10)

lifted the ball dangerously towards square-leg.

C. K.'s Two Sixes

But the great Indore bat was not to be tenied and shortly after pulled the same bowler smartly to square-leg for 3 Barring this stroke the batsmen were at this stage scoring mostly through easy singles but the score was mounting steadily, 140 was up after 141 minutes' batting and 9 minutes later 150 was signalled. Vinoo Mankad who had hitherto batted with admirable restraint glanced Ashley beautifully to the ropes to 162 of the innings and at this stage Ashley reverted to a double slow attack, himself giving way to Wensley from the Pavilion end. After "C. K." had chopped in a brace off the Sussex professional past a deserted 'off' —Vinoo neatly cut the last ball of the same over to equal the Europeans' first innings total of 168 after the Hindus had batted for 160 minutes Vinoo continued to steal easy singles and six minutes later got into his eighties.

At the other end "C. K." suddenly decided to warm up his thousands of 'fans' in the stands Lifting the first ball of Wensley's third over, past the 'wrong side' of Tew, who gallantly attempted to bring off an impossible catch, to the square-leg boundary, the great Indore bat brought the stands down with cheers, by sending the very next two deliveries clean over the same side of the ropes. But Wensley had his vengeance for in repeating the attempt "C. K." skied the ball near Tew at the square-leg boundary who made no mistakes. (194-4-45). During his 52 minutes stay at the wicket "C. K." had given vivid glimpses of his real self and his 45 included 2 sixes and 3 fours. Vijay Merchant now joined Vinoo Mankad who had been steadily easy braces and was now well on his way towards three figures, and another promising partnership ensued. Vijay opened his account with a fine straight drive off Brown for 2. At the other end off driving Wensley magnificently to the ropes, Vinoo hoisted 200 of the innings after the latter had lasted 179 minutes.

Mankad's Century

A scintillating cut for 3 also off Wensley brought Vinoo into the nineties and after taking some minutes to get over the "century feeling" the Nawanagar bat again cut Wensley for 3, to reach 96, and immediately after, facing Brown he pulled the left-hander to square-leg for 2 and glancing him in the same over, again for 2 Vinoo achieved his heart's desire, 'midst scenes of uproarious enthusiasm and frenzied applause. Crackers were fired and an enthusiastic admirer ran on to the field and garlanded Vinoo. The Jamnagar youngster's fine century was his first in the Pentangular Tournament, took him 194 minutes and included 6 fours. Ashley took the new ball at 219 relieving Wensley from the Pavilion end, while Behrend continued to operate at the other end. Neither of the bowlers appeared to be making any impression on the batsmen who kept up a relentless steady glut of runs. Vijay in particular was shaping superbly and twice hooked Behrend magnificently to the ropes. Soon after 240 had been signalled, Ashley took himself off from the Pavilion end in favour of Wensley and himself relieved Behrend at the other end. But these changes if anything only increased the rate of scoring. Vijay was in his finest elements and a powerful on-drive off Ashley followed by a perfect hook off the same bowler, another fine hook, off Wensley and another on-drive off Ashley —all to the ropes brought the great Bombay bat to his 49 at which stage lunch was taken with the Hindus' total at 278— Mankad and Merchant being unbeaten with 118 and 49 runs respectively to their credit.

Ten minutes after resumption, Vijay reached his 50 with a brace off Brown and 290 of the innings was up on board. Soon after, hooking Brown brilliantly to the ropes Vijay hoisted the treble century after the Hindus' innings had lasted 257 minutes. Three minutes later, however, Vinoo Mankad's great innings terminated for 133, the Nawanagar bat being adjudged l.b.w. to Brown's 'faster' one. (302-5-133). During his 260 minutes stay at the wicket Vinoo had all along played the correct type of cricket blending aggression and defence in suitable proportions. Neat cuts, glances and powerful off drives were a feature of his great innings, during which he sent the ball 4 times to the ropes. He had incidentally participated in two 'century' partnerships, with Amarnath for the second wicket and Vijay Merchant for the 5th wicket. Jai now joined Vijay Merchant and yet another fine partnership ensued. Vijay was now forcing the pace and his powerful cover strokes, and drives and perfect hooks were constantly beating the fielders. After being somewhat shaky at the start, Jai also settled down soon to some really bright cricket. As a result the score was now mounting much more rapidly.

Vijay Merchant's Inspired Batting

A magnificent hook off Wensley brought Vijay to the nineties after he had been at the crease for 158 minutes. Shortly after Jai reached his individual 50 after 77 minutes' batting, and the score-board now showed 390. Vijay beautifully on-drove Brown for a two and a single to reach 98, off-driving the same bowler for a brace he got to the auspicious 99, incidentally hoisting 400 of the innings after 345 minutes' batting. In the very next minute Vijay reached three figures and the same scenes of enthusiasm and applause which greeted Mankad's century, followed with redoubled frenzy. Merchant (Sr.) had so far been at the crease for 123 minutes and had sent the ball 9 times to the ropes. Powerful, well-timed strokes through the covers, immaculate drives along the off and on, perfect hooks and occasional cuts and glances had been his favourite scoring strokes. But it was after he had obtained his century that we saw the "real" Vijay—at his best second only to Amarnath as a stroke-player. His foot-work now acquired singular brilliance and his graceful strokes, particularly the hook and drive now began to be executed with much greater power and at lesser intervals. Completely exposing the totally unimpressive European attack for what it was worth, Vijay and Jai carried the Hindus' first innings total to the huge figure of 451, when Jai was declared l.b.w. to Brown, for 64. (451—6—64). The outgoing batsman had played an 'entertaining' innings, during which he had hit 4 fours, neat on-drives, well-timed square-cuts and pulls to square-leg being his principal scoring strokes. The Vijay-Jai partnership had yielded 149 runs for the 6th wicket. C. S. Naidu joined Merchant (Sr.) and after the tea interval, which was shortly taken, Vijay accelerated the pace still further. C. S. Naidu however left after scoring 17, Brown drawing him out for Compton to do some smart stumping. (522—7—17). Uday Merchant now joined his brother. Most of Vijay's powerful, well-timed, cleverly-placed strokes were beating the fielders and reaching the ropes, before tea he had at one stage hit 4 fours in a row, and later in the evening he again flashed forth, this time with 5 fours at a stretch, which were the consecutive scoring strokes which carried his individual total from 151 to 171. The 15,000 odd spectators now all looked forward to Vijay achieving the distinction of scoring the second double century of the Pentangular series (Amarnath having scored the first last year)—but when he had reached 192 after exactly 247 minutes' batting, Bombay's batting genius let in one of Wensley's "boseys" and was bowled. (534—8—192). Vijay's magnificent innings was one of the most graceful played by him. And that's saying a lot—considering the numerous fine batting displays that stand to his credit. Vijay's 192 included 25 hits to the ropes and a seven—the latter resulting from one of the European fielders unintentionally obstructing the ball during a hit by Vijay. Rangnekar and Uday Merchant, two new-comers now came together and were unbeaten with 8 and 14 respectively, when stumps were drawn for the day—the Hindus' total being 543 for 8.

HINDUS
(First Innings)

D. D. Hindlekar, l.b.w. Ashley	4
Vinoo Mankad, l.b.w. Brown	133
L. Amarnath, c Greer, b Wensley	57
L. Amar Singh, b Ashley	1
C. K. Naidu, c Tew, b Wensley	45
V. M. Merchant, b Wensley	132
L. P. Jai, l.b.w. Brown	64
C. S. Naidu, st. Compton, b Brown	17
U. M. Merchant, (not out)	14
K. M. Rangnekar (not out)	8
Extras	13
Total (for 8 wickets)	543

Fall Of Wickets
1 for 15, 2 for 118, 3 for 122, 4 for 194, 5 for 302, 6 for 451, 7 for 522, 8 for 548.

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
R. Ashley	27	5	120	2
A. F. Wensley	50	4	172	3
R. C. Mushet	7	0	41	0
G. R. R. Brown	35	2	127	3
S. W. Behrend	15	1	74	0
A. N. Brewer	2	0	7	0

Lightning Strikes Under Trade Disputes Act?

Industrial Court Considers Labour Commissioner's Standing Orders

The question of what would constitute "misconduct" making an operative liable to be suspended for a period of not more than four days or to be dismissed without notice or any compensation in lieu of notice, was considered by the Industrial Court when it resumed its sitting on Thursday.

The Commissioner of Labour in the Standing Orders framed by him had specified 13 different heads of acts or omissions that would constitute misconduct.

These items included:—"Striking work either singly or with other operatives without giving 14 days' notice, or striking work in contravention of the Provisions of the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act".

"Inciting any operative to strike work without giving 14 days' notice or inciting other operatives to strike work in contravention of the Provisions of the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act".

"Habitual absence without leave for more than ten consecutive days".

Besides these there is one clause which provides that repetition of any act or omission for which a fine may be imposed under the Payment of Wages Act amounts to misconduct.

Both the millowners and workers raised several objections against the various clauses of the order.

Mr. A. S. R. Chari on behalf of a group of Bombay workers strongly opposed the addition of a clause bringing any cessation of work without 14 days' notice within the scope of the Standing Order defining misconduct. He submitted that this was an attempt to circumvent the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act. The Act did not make lightning strikes, except such as were specifically mentioned, illegal.

And as for cases of illegal strikes falling within perview of the Industrial Disputes Act, he pointed out that a penalty had already been provided for in the Act itself. It was unnecessary to give additional powers in the Standing Orders.

Mr. S. A. Dange, General Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union, while supporting the plea that all lightning strikes were not illegal according to the Act, stated that a strike without notice at the close of conciliation proceedings which had failed could not be regarded as a lightning strike.

The Court will hear appeals against standing orders, relating to operatives of Textile Mills in Ahmedabad on Friday.

Congress President's Call To Bihar Workers

PATNA, Nov. 15.

In a Press statement regarding village reconstruction work in the provinces, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, says that although the Congress Ministries have resigned, the work which is a very important and necessary item in the reconstruction programme must be continued.

Congress workers engaged in that work, he says, have no reason to think that the Congress has in any way released interest in the work. They must continue in their places and do their work enthusiastically so long as the Government for the time being allows the work to be carried on and does not close the department.

"So far as Bihar is concerned I have not heard anything which would lead one to think that the present Government intends to introduce any change in this respect."

NEXT CONGRESS

In another statement the Congress President desires the district and other subordinate Congress Committees in Bihar to note the postponement of the Congress Session from December to March, 1940. This should not be regarded as indicating that the Session will not be held, and they should enthusiastically take up the work of making collections and enrolling volunteers.—United Press.

BENGAL JUTE MILLS' WORKERS GET 10% INCREASE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

About 9,000 workers of the Barnagore South and Barnagore East Jute Mills, who went on strike on November 14, resumed work this morning having been informed of the decision of the Jute Mills Association, granting them an increase of ten per cent in their wages.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Workers of the Fort William (Howrah) and Ganges Jute Mills within the Shivpur police station who had gone on strike demanding increased wages are reported to have resumed work this morning.

Strikers of the Baranagar and Alambazar Jute Mills also resumed work.

Strikers of the Agarpara, Serampur and Hastings (Rishra) Jute Mills are still holding out.

The strike is continuing peacefully. Police are, however, guarding the areas.—United Press.

Hukumchand Mills Workers Resume

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

About 10,000 workers belonging to the Hukumchand group of mills in Naihati, who have been on strike for the last six days, resumed work this afternoon having been informed of the 10 per cent. increase in their wages granted by the Jute Mills' Association.

Workers still on strike number about 9,000 belonging to the Rishra Jute Mill (Hooghly), Howrah and Ganges Jute Mills (Howrah).—A.P.

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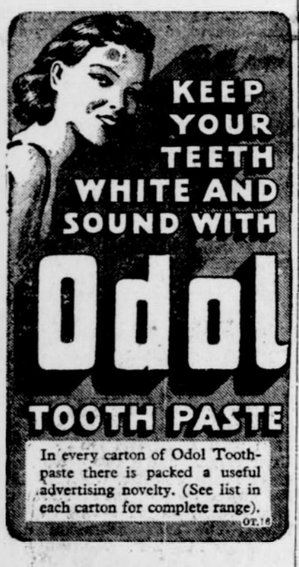
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OE/7/39

No Compromise Over Issue Of Freedom

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 14.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose inaugurated the sixth social gathering of the Hitkarini Law College to-day. Addressing the gathering of Law students, he said, that Gandhiji's apprehension that communal rioting would follow freedom's struggle at the present juncture were misplaced and asserted that there should not be any compromise over the issue of freedom.

KALA VIKAS MANDAL

(From A Correspondent.)

The opening ceremony of the above mandal was performed under the presidentship of the artist, Mr. Keshavrao Dhaikar on Sunday last.

A variety of entertainments such as "Jal Tarang" by Atmaram Vellingkar, flute by Palkar, "Pakhwaj" and "Tabla" solo by Alkutkar and Haider Khan respectively, Kathak dances by Kumar Bhalerao and Mr. Narayanrao and Bhairavi song by Mr. Bhalerao were given.

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Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY PENTANGULAR

Vijay Merchant's Inspired Batting

V. M. Merchant

Hindus Make Merry At Brabourne Stadium: 136 Overs Yield 548 Runs (For 8 Wickets) In 435 Minutes!

VIJAY (192) AND VINOO (133) KEEP EUROPEAN BOWLERS BUSY

By JAMIL ANSARI

Europeans 1st Innings	168
Hindus 1st Innings (8 Wickets)	548

Thursday, the second day of the match between the Hindus and Europeans in the preliminary round of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament now being played at the Brabourne Stadium, was a day of merry-making for the Hindu batsmen and a day of unrelaxed leather-hunting for the European bowlers.

Vijay Merchant (192), Vinoo Mankad (133), L. P. Jai (64) and C. K. Naidu (45) carried on the good work begun the previous day by Amarnath and Vinoo, for the Hindus who had put up the enormous total of 548 runs for 8 wkts. when stumps were drawn for the day. Vinoo's century, his first in the Pentangular series was greeted with memorable scenes of delirious enthusiasm and frenzied applause, bordering on rowdyism.

HERO OF THE DAY

The Nawanagar lad had throughout played the correct type of cricket wherein aggression and defence were combined in sensible proportions. There's not the least doubt that Vinoo is our most 'dependable' batsman to-day. Thursday's century only caps an unbroken series of batting triumphs. Vijay Merchant, however was the real hero of the day. Blessed with a marvellous "eye," 'steel' wrists and feet which even a Pavlova might have envied and which give him unique swiftness in moving back or forward to the ball, most of the strokes fully developed, particularly the hook and cover drive, and above all, possessing a wonderfully invulnerable defence, according to the great Don Bradman the 'keynote of all successful batsmanship'—these were the enviable assets which fitted Vijay Merchant for the inspired role he played with the bat yesterday. C. K. during a brief but eventful stay of 52 minutes for 45 runs gave vivid glimpses of the real genius that he was and still is, successively lifting Wensley twice over the square-leg boundary. Jai's innings was also in places strongly reminiscent of a past master. About the European attack very little need be said—except that the figures should not be interpreted too literally. If the European bowling lacked sting and variety it certainly didn't lack the force of grit, determination and courage behind it. As for the fielding, Ashley and his men, throughout functioned in a superb manner and Mess' work in the 'country' was a treat to watch. Unless something startling happens, the Europeans look very much in for an innings defeat to-day.

V. Mankad

Over 12,000 cricket 'fans' crowded the Brabourne Stadium yesterday morning to see Vinoo Mankad (56) and Amar Singh (0), the overnight not outs, resume the Hindus' first innings against the Europeans in the opening match of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament which began on Wednesday. Behrend opening the attack, from the Churchgate end saw Vinoo Mankad tap his third delivery smartly through the covers for a single. Immediately after, in the same over Vinoo just scrambled through in time to escape being sent 'back' by Compton. Ashley taking on from the Pavilion end provided the first sensation of the day when after conceding a brace to Vinoo off his first delivery the European skipper uprooted Amar Singh's off stump with the fifth one, the Nawanagar giant failing to drive home a hefty go at a well-pitched breaker (122-3-1). 'C. K.' joined Vinoo and after the latter had conceded a maiden to Behrend at the other end, the Hindu skipper opened his account by beautifully late-cutting the first ball of Ashley's next over, for 2 and repeating the same stroke off the 4th ball of the same over, for another 2. At the other end Vinoo Mankad pulling Behrend to square-leg for a single reached his 60 and soon after saw his partner step out and straight-drive the same bowler dangerously over his head to the sight screen, the bowler failing to bring off an extremely difficult one-handed catch. 130 of the innings was up after 129 minutes' batting and two runs later Ashley rung the first bowling change of the day bringing on Brown in place of Behrend from the Churchgate end. The European skipper keeping himself on at the other end had the second delivery of his fourth over grandly driven by "C. K.", to the on boundary. After getting a two off the fifth ball of the same over, the Hindu skipper with his score at 14 mistimed the next one and

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 1).

COMMUNALISM MUST GO

Raja Govindlal's Advice To Marwaris In Nizam's Dominions

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Nov. 16.

"In the absence of declaration of war aims by Britain, the Indian National Congress had to withdraw its Ministries" observed Raja Govindlal Pitti, Member, Council of State, presiding over the first session of the Hyderabad State Marwari Conference held to-day. A large gathering of delegates congregated to participate in the conference

Mr. Brijlal Biyani, another member of the Council of State, inaugurated the Conference.

Raja Govindlal referring to the war and its indirect effects on India opined that if Congress Ministries were in power for a few more years, Indian industries would have received great impetus, including the manufacture of motor cars.

Adverting to the Hyderabad State and Marwaris he added communal harmony was necessity not only in Hyderabad but all over India and hoped days were not far off when India would have got rid of communalism and joined in an All-India Federation (not necessarily of the Government of India Act 1935).

The conference concludes to-morrow.

WHY COMPULSORY HINDI IN MADRAS?

Appeal To Govt. To Cancel Order

MADRAS, Nov. 15

Mr. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker, Leader Justice Party, Kumararaja M. A. Muthiah Chettiar of Chettinad, Opposition Leader, Madras Assembly and Sir A. T. Pannirselvam have issued the following statement:—

"We are thankful to the Madras Government for ordering the release of all those persons who are now in jail by reason of their Anti-Hindi activities.

The object of the agitation was however, not to get persons imprisoned and rejoice over their release. It is unnecessary for us to state that as long as the object for which people courted imprisonment has not been attained. The Tamilians cannot be expected to derive satisfaction on the score of this release, or to completely stop their agitation against Hindi.

Therefore we sincerely hope that the Government of Madras would not rest content with the order already passed but that they would facilitate the complete stopping of the agitation by removing the cause thereof.

Cutch Dewanship

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Nov. 15.

Rao Bahadur T. D. Rana, ex-Dewan of Junagadh State returned here from Bombay after interview with Maharao of Cutch for Dewanship.

Probably R. B. Rana is starting to-morrow for Cutch.

CITY FATHERS WALK OUT FROM CORPORATION

Grant For Children's Aid Society's Home: Protest Against Mayor's Refusal To Put Question To Vote

There was once again a "walk out" of some of the councillors from the Municipal Corporation on Thursday.

It seems the councillors who staged the "walk out" expressed their disapproval of the way the Mayor handled a particular item. This item referred to a grant of Rs. 1,10,000 for the Children's Aid Society's Home at Chembur. As recommended by the Standing Committee, Dr. J. V. Vora moved for the approval of the resolution. Mr. Soonderdas Morarji moved an amendment for the postponement of the consideration of this matter till such date as fixed by the Mayor. There was an uproar over this and several councillors spoke against the postponement.

As twenty minutes had already passed Bombay 5 p.m., some of the councillors requested the Mayor to put the question to vote, but he refused to do so. About a dozen councillors then got up and staged a "walk out".

The Mayor then put the amendment for adjournment to vote which was declared carried. He then adjourned the House till 8 p.m. to-day when he would fix the date to discuss the resolution moved by Dr. Vora to give to the Children's Aid Society Rs. 1,10,000.

FOR SWEEPERS' CHAWLS

Dr. Vora at an earlier stage moved that the Standing Committee agree with the Medical Relief Committee that in the circumstances stated in the Municipal Commissioner's letter, it is not desirable to introduce any change in the system of charging rents per room per occupant in the chawls provided for sweepers and other staff of the Conservancy Branch.

This was in connection with a resolution passed on the 19th January 1939 by the Municipal Corporation laying down a uniform flat rent of eight annas per month per room to be charged to the sweepers, etc., for whom accommodation is provided in the municipal chawls.

WHY NOT RENT-FREE?

Dr. Choksy wanted the matter to go back to the Medical Committee while Mr. Zoolmiram Chowdhary wished to have rent-free rooms to the sweepers. They moved their amendments accordingly but they were thrown out and the original proposition was carried.

Government's Attitude Towards Corporation

Dr. Vora's Complaint Against Loss Of Many Sources Of Income

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Presiding at the Special Meeting of the Standing Committee this afternoon, Dr. J. V. Vora, Chairman, in criticising the budget estimates of the Bombay Municipality for 1940-41 said:

The income for the ensuing year is estimated at Rs. 3,48.65 lacs and the expenditure at Rs. 3,57.90 lacs showing a deficit of Rs. 9.35 lacs which the Commissioner proposes to meet from the opening balance of Rs. 25.40 lacs. It is also proposed to appropriate an amount of Rs. 0.25 lac from the Opening Balance for the purchase of new plant and machinery leaving a closing balance of Rs. 15.80 lacs at the end of the year.

I cannot but refrain from stating here that the attitude of the Government towards the Corporation in many matters is intolerable and difficult to understand. It has resulted in progressive diminishing of sources of income of the Corporation without corresponding replenishment. Duty on cotton has been abolished, Liquor Licence fees are withdrawn, Tobacco Duty contribution to Municipal Budget is discontinued, Entertainment Tax and Stamp Duty on Transfer of Properties and fees for Registration of Motor Vehicles are appropriated for Provincial purposes.

The claim for increased and appropriate assistance towards meeting the cost of compulsory and free primary education still remains unheeded, though no doubt, the ex-Premier recently created definite hopes for giving a "substantial grant" to quote his words. The undue delay in making necessary announcement gives cause for apprehension.

AN AMAZING STEP HAS BEEN TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT. THEY RAISED A POINT OF DOUBT AND DECIDED IT EX-PARTE IN THEIR OWN FAVOUR AND IMMEDIATELY GAVE EFFECT TO IT RETROSPECTIVELY. THEY HAVE DECLARED THAT THEY ARE NOT LIABLE TO PAY GENERAL TAX ON THEIR PROPERTIES OCCUPIED BY THEIR MEDICAL AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

This arbitrary decision of theirs involves a recurring loss of Rs. 1.64 lacs to the Corporation. This matter is likely to force the hands of the Corporation to go to a court of law.

PROF. DAVAR'S REMARKS

Prof. S. R. Davar speaking on the budget expressed a hope that the Governor and his advisers would carefully revise the budget estimates for the next year prepared by the last Congress Government in consultation with the Viceroy and give substantial relief to the people of Bombay in connection with the most irksome and unpopular property tax. Not only municipal finance would suffer appreciably by levy of this tax by the last Congress government but it was sure to react on the business and industrial life in general. This is not only his opinion but all interests connected with business, with Chamber of Commerce, Millowners' Association, etc., have expressed unanimous agreement on that point.

Continuing he said: Our Commissioner has correctly pointed out that he does not anticipate any sudden rise in general tax through the rental value of properties increasing during this war as was the case during the last war. The circumstances which made such a sudden rise possible during the years of last war of 1914 were entirely different from those prevailing at present. In those days the suburbs had not developed to the extent it is today, the number of buildings and the types of buildings which we find in Bombay since that period not only exhibit enormous increase in numbers but also in capacity for accommodation. In fact, at present the building activity of late has been overdone in various directions and as our Commissioner points out vacancies are numerous. Again the experience of the last war has taught us to introduce a Rent Act without delay if circumstances were to point towards a tendency of abnormal rent rises and I have no doubt that the Governor and his advisers will not delay action if such a situation arises.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Bombay, prophesied as the dead city after Prohibition has suddenly come to life again. No one who sees the crowds that gather at the Races, the Cricket Tournament and the Clubs can deny that drink was not an essential for man's enjoyment of life.

* * *

Anglo-Indian evening paper says that "Jay" is playing for the Hindu side. What about spelling Hindu names in the Hindu way?

* * *

I think C. K. Nayudu might have done better to give the youngsters a chance in this match by putting them in to bat earlier. It was a great opportunity and would have made little difference to the Hindu side.

* * *

I note that Beryl Templeman is fast developing into a top-class crooner.

* * *

It is entremely pleasant to see the fine spirit in which the European team is playing a losing game. On several occasions their appreciation of the other side's cricket is commendable.

* * *

Switching on my radio I heard a beautiful violin solo last night played not as I expected on a gramophone record but by a Parsee gentleman. If there is such beautiful local talent, let us encourage it. Mr. Bokhari must be congratulated on this find.

* * *

I solemnly pray that the new English dance "Oopsy Daisie" does not come to the C. C. I. It was bad enough when Indian ladies used to cock up their thumbs in the Lambeth Walk. Now they will be bumping back to back.

* * *

Coming to Bombay shortly with her collection of pictures, which she is to exhibit here, is Sheila Bannerjee, a grand-daughter of the late W. C. Bannerjee, first President of the Indian National Congress. Sheila makes a pretty picture.

* * *

It is much too quiet on the Western Front.

4 Killed In Frontier Sniping

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

Three British other ranks and one Gurkha officer are reported to have been killed and ten British other ranks and two Gurkha other ranks wounded when Road Protection troops near Razmak were heavily sniped during withdrawal on the afternoon of November 14.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

NEW STORY "JUG OF DEATH"

WILL COMMENCE TO-MORROW

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